

79930 to 79956—Continued.

An evergreen shrub about 6 feet high, which stands cutting back well and produces an abundance of small pink flowers. It is native to South Australia.

For previous introduction see No. 49364.

79941. GREVILLEA ERICIFOLIA R. Br.

A low evergreen shrub of spreading habit, about 2 feet high, with sessile linear or lanceolate leaves and short terminal racemes of red and yellowish flowers. It is native to southeastern Australia.

79942. GREVILLEA ILICIFOLIA R. Br.

A large spreading evergreen shrub, native to South Australia, with prickly hollylike leaves 1 to 2 inches long and small flowers in terminal racemes.

79943. GREVILLEA LAVANDULACEA Schlecht.

Variety *malleensis*. A variety native to South Australia where it grows from a foot to a foot and a half high on a sandy or clayey subsoil, but it seems to prefer broken rock soil (quartzite). It does very well on rockeries and should be treated as a rock plant. The leaves are pungent, and the crimson flowers, at each axil all along the branches, are borne from the beginning of the winter until late spring in Australia.

79944. GREVILLEA OLEOIDES Sieber.

From The Grampians, Victoria. An erect evergreen shrub, 4 to 5 feet high, closely allied to *G. punicea*, with lanceolate leaves 2 to 4 inches long and sessile racemes of bright-red flowers. It is native to southeastern Australia.

79945. GREVILLEA OLEOIDES DIMORPHA (F. Muell.) Benth.

A variety with more rigid foliage, lanceolate in some specimens and linear in others, and usually smaller flowers.

79946. GREVILLEA PRITZELII Diels.

An evergreen shrub, native to Australia, with brown-hairy branchlets, linear sickle-shaped leaves 3 to 5 inches long, and racemes, 2 to 3 inches long, of white flowers covered with dense white tomentum.

For previous introduction see No. 76640.

79947. GREVILLEA PUNICEA R. Br.

An erect evergreen shrub, 4 to 5 feet high, with small elliptic-oblong leaves and crimson flowers in short dense terminal racemes. It is native to New South Wales.

79948. GREVILLEA ROSMARINIFOLIA A. Cunn.

An erect evergreen shrub, native to New South Wales, about 5 feet high, with hairy branches, erect crowded linear-subulate leaves, and short dense racemes of red flowers.

79949. HAKEA sp. Proteaceae.

An ornamental evergreen shrub, native to Western Australia, with long spikes of scarlet flowers.

79930 to 79956—Continued.

79950. HIBISCUS SPLENDENS Fras. Malvaceae.

From north of Cairns, Queensland. A tall handsome shrub 12 to 20 feet high, native to southern Australia, densely hairy, with prickly branches, palmately lobed heart-shaped leaves, and large, showy rose-colored flowers 6 inches or more across.

79951. HOVEA ELLIPTICA (J. E. Smith) DC. Fabaceae.

A leguminous evergreen shrub up to 10 feet high, with slender branches, small narrowly oval leaves, and short axillary clusters of small blue flowers. It is native to Western Australia.

For previous introduction see No. 64487.

79952. HOVEA PUNGENS Benth. Fabaceae.

A rigidly erect evergreen shrub, 1 to 2 feet high, with linear-lanceolate coriaceous sharp-pointed leaves less than an inch long. The branches are covered from the bottom to the top with clusters of deep-blue flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 76641.

79953. KUNZEA FARVIFLORA Hort. Myrtaceae.

A dwarf evergreen shrub with very showy crimson flowers. Native to Australia.

79954. OXYLOBIUM LANCEOLATUM (Vent.) Druce (*O. callistachys* Benth.). Fabaceae.

A tall evergreen shrub, native to Australia, with whorls of lanceolate leaves 3 to 5 inches long and yellow flowers in dense terminal racemes 6 inches long.

For previous introduction see No. 76941.

79955. SWAINSONA GALEGIFOLIA (Andrews) R. Br. (*S. coronillifolia* Salisb.). Fabaceae.

A shrubby perennial, native to Australia, climbing to a height of several feet, with 1 to 21 small oblong leaflets and large deep-red, pink, or white flowers. *Swainsona coronillifolia* probably represents the horticultural variety *violacea*, which has rose-violet flowers. This species is said to be poisonous to stock.

For previous introduction see No. 77447.

79956. THRYPTOMENE sp. Myrtaceae.

From Geraldton, Western Australia. A dwarf evergreen bush or shrub with a mass of pink flowers which were borne at Blackwood between June and September.

79957. TRACHYPHYNIUM sp. Marantaceae.

From Cameroon, West Africa. Seeds collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received March 25, 1927. Numbered in January, 1929.

No. 1174. Victoria Botanic Garden. A tall branching shrub, native to west tropical Africa, with leafy stems and small inconspicuous flowers.