

**78686 to 78696—Continued.**

broadly lanceolate plain leaves and bright-yellow flowers with white anthers.

**78690. LILIUM PARVIFLORUM** (Hook.) Holzinger. Liliaceae. **Fanther lily.**

This lily, native to northwestern North America, closely resembles the leopard lily, *L. pardalinum*, but the flowers, of the same bright yellow with purplish spots, are smaller and are usually solitary or only two or three together.

**78691 to 78695. PENTSTEMON** spp. Scrophulariaceae. **Beardtongue.**

**78691. PENTSTEMON CONFERTUS** Douglas.

A herbaceous perennial, 2 feet high, native to Oregon and northern California, with nearly entire lanceolate to linear leaves and a narrow interrupted spike of cream-white to sulphur-yellow flowers.

**78692. PENTSTEMON CONFERTUS CAERULEO-PURPUREUS** A. Gray.

A variety of the preceding with flowers blue-purple to violet.

**78693. PENTSTEMON DIFFUSUS** Douglas.

A herbaceous perennial, native to northwestern North America, with diffuse stems 2 feet high, lanceolate to cordate-ovate deeply serrate leaves, and a leafy cluster of light-purple 2-lipped flowers.

**78694. PENTSTEMON MENZIESII** Hook.

A herbaceous perennial with a woody base, native to Washington and British Columbia. The stems are less than a foot high, the thick leaves are obovate, and the violet-blue to purple flowers, an inch long, are borne in a spreading raceme.

**78695. PENTSTEMON OVATUS** Douglas.

A herbaceous perennial, native to northwestern North America, with a slender but erect stem 4 feet high, ovate thin serrate bright-green leaves, and lax clusters of 2-lipped blue flowers changing to purple.

**78696. SISYRINCHIUM CALIFORNICUM** Ait. Iridaceae.

A herbaceous perennial with linear leaves a foot long, a leafless broadly winged stem, 1½ feet high, with a cluster of three to six brown-lined yellow flowers half an inch long. Native to California.

**78697 to 78743.**

From Deli Valley, Mishmi Hills, Assam, India. Seeds collected by Capt. F. Kingdon Ward and presented by Maj. Lionel de Rothschild, London, England. Received January 19, 1929.

**78697. ABELIA** sp. Caprifoliaceae.

No. 8180. May 8, 1928. *Golden Abelia*. A small shrub with long, drooping racemes of bright-yellow flowers. Only one plant was found in the dense thickets on sheltered cliffs at an altitude of 6,000 feet.

**78698. ACONITUM** sp. Ranunculaceae. **Aconite.**

No. 8724. October 1, 1928. An ornamental herbaceous perennial, 2 to 4 feet high, growing on alpine meadow slopes at an altitude of 12,000 feet.

**78697 to 78743—Continued.**

**78699. ANDROSACE** sp. Primulaceae.

No. 8565. August 23, 1928. A small herbaceous perennial resembling *Androsace henryi*, 6 inches high, bearing large many-flowered heads. It grows in dense undergrowth on the banks of gullies in the middle of the rain forest, above an altitude of 10,000 feet.

**78700. ARISAEMA** sp. Araceae.

No. 8085. April 12, 1928. A large herbaceous perennial closely related to the Indian turnip, with papery, colorless spathes which are striped with purple. It grows in the temperate rain forest at an altitude of 7,000 feet.

**78701. BUDDLEIA** sp. Loganiaceae.

No. 8559. August 23, 1928. A floppy undershrub, 2 to 3 feet high, growing on steep, well-shaded slopes, among bamboos or in gullies among subalpine flowers, at an altitude of 11,000 feet. The leaves are very large, and the fragrant flowers are cream white with orange centers.

**78702. CALTHA** sp. Ranunculaceae.

No. 8616. August 28, 1928. A herbaceous perennial about a foot high, with an abundance of magenta flowers. It grows in alpine gullies and on alpine meadow slopes at an altitude between 11,000 and 12,000 feet.

**78703. BRYOCARPUM HIMALAICUM** Hook. f. and Thoms. Primulaceae.

No. 8236. May 23, 1928. A herbaceous perennial about 2 feet high, with solitary nodding yellow flowers which appear before the large leaves. It grows under bamboos or in an Abies forest, on steep slopes, at altitudes between 10,000 and 11,000 feet.

For previous introduction see No. 41417.

**78704. DICENTRA** sp. Papaveraceae.

No. 8649. September 17, 1928. An annual climbing vine with sea-green leaves and bunches of yellow flowers, borne in the autumn, which are followed by red, pear-shaped fruits. It grows in the forest at an altitude between 8,000 and 9,000 feet.

**78705. GAULTHERIA** sp. Ericaceae.

No. 8725. October 26, 1928. A shrub 3 to 6 feet high, with crowded spikes of white flowers and an abundance of black berries which have a white bloom. It grows on open, grass-clad slopes along the edge of the forest at altitudes between 6,000 and 7,000 feet.

**78706. HEDYCHUM** sp. Zinziberaceae.

No. 8483. July 24, 1928. A strong-growing herbaceous perennial, 2 feet high, with purplish leaves and white flowers from a creeping rhizome. It grows at an altitude of 6,000 feet.

**78707. HYPERICUM** sp. Hypericaceae.

No. 8444. July 12, 1928. An ornamental shrub, with an abundance of small bright-yellow flowers, growing in open stony pastures near cultivated land at an altitude of 5,000 feet.

**78708. LYSIMACHIA** sp. (*Nummularia* sp.). Primulaceae.

No. 8574. August 23, 1928. A semi-erect herbaceous perennial nearly a foot high, bearing an abundance of yellow