

73065. CARICA PAPAYA L. Papayaceae.
Papaya.

From Summit, Canal Zone. Seeds presented by J. E. Higgins, Plant Introduction Garden. Received June 13, 1927.

One of the best varieties in the Canal Zone.

73066. PSEDERA HENRYANA (Hemsl.) C. Schneid. Vitaceae.

From Coimbra, Portugal. Plants collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received April 29, 1927.

No. 1316. April 8, 1927. An ornamental subtropical vine with variegated foliage, which clings to stone walls by means of round flat pads.

73067 to 73072.

From West Africa. Seeds collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received March and April, 1927.

73067. JASMINUM DICHOTOMUM Vahl. Oleaceae.
Jasmine.

No. 1241. Near Aburi, Gold Coast, February 28, 1927. A climbing tropical shrub with deep-green leaves in pairs and fragrant white flowers.

73068. PTERYGOTA KAMERUNENSIS Schum. and Engl. Sterculiaceae.

No. 1162. Botanic garden, Victoria, Cameroon, February 10, 1927. A handsome tropical African tree with large scarlet fruits the size of an orange, but irregular in shape.

73069. RITCHIEA REFLEXA (Schum. and Thonn.) Gilg and Benedict. Capparidaceae.

No. 1227. Between Akkra and Aburi, Gold Coast, February 26, 1927. An ornamental tropical shrub with large greenish fragrant flowers in umbels and large elongated podlike fruits.

73070. STERCVLIA sp. Sterculiaceae.

No. 1212. Near village of Doble, between Akkra and Winneba, Gold Coast, February 27, 1927. A large handsome tropical tree with large deep-green leaves and pods the size of apples.

73071. SYNSEPALUM DULCIFICUM (Schum.) Daniell. Sapotaceae.

No. 1173. Botanic garden, Victoria, Cameroon, February 10, 1927. *Miraculous fruit.* An ornamental tropical African shrub about 6 feet high, with dark-red fruits which, when eaten, make sour things taste sweet.

73072. MALACANTHA WARNECKEANA Engler. Sapotaceae.

No. 1244. Between Akkra and Aburi, Gold Coast. An attractive tropical shrub with a profusion of red berries similar to coffee berries. These berries contain a single large seed surrounded by sweet yellow pulp, which is very refreshing.

73073. ELYMUS DELILEANUS Schult. Poaceae.
Grass.

From Giza, Egypt. Seeds presented by Mah Abaza, director, horticultural section, Ministry of Agriculture. Received June 13, 1927.

An annual tufted grass up to a foot high, with narrow, rigid leaves. Native to Asia Minor and Egypt.

73074. LOLIUM PERENNE L. Poaceae.
Perennial ryegrass.

From Ayr, Scotland. Seeds presented by McGill & Smith, at the request of R. G. Stapledon, director, Welsh Plant-Breeding Station, Aberystwyth, Wales, through H. N. Vinal, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received June 13, 1927.

Scotch-grown seeds.

73075. LARIX sp. Pinaceae. Larch.

From Dunkeld, Perth, Scotland. Seeds presented by B. R. Hoffman, Philadelphia, Pa. Received June 15, 1927.

A hybrid larch, a cross between a Japanese and a Scotch larch, said to be faster growing than either parent.

73076. STERCVLIA FOETIDA L. Sterculiaceae.
Hazel bottle tree.

From Mayaguez, Porto Rico. Seeds presented by T. B. McClelland, horticulturist, agricultural experiment station. Received June 15, 1927.

A tall handsome tropical tree with large compound leaves and spreading panicles of dull-red flowers. Native to tropical Asia.

73077 and 73078. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.

From Moca, Dominican Republic. Seeds presented by Dr. R. Ciferri, director, Estación Nacional Agronómica y Colegio de Agricultura. Received June 15, 1927.

Locally developed varieties.

73077. From Monte Cristo.

73078. From Samana.

73079. CEIBA ACUMINATA (S. Wats.) Rose. Bombacaceae. Pochote.

From Jalisco, Mexico. Seeds obtained through L. H. Dewey, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received April 26, 1927.

This close relative of the kapok tree (*Ceiba pentandra*) is described by P. C. Standley (Contributions from the United States National Herbarium, vol. 23, pt. 3) as a large or medium-sized tree with a greenish spiny trunk, compound leaves, and hard, oblong fruits about 7 inches long which contain whitish down used for stuffing pillows, mattresses, life preservers, insulation, and for making candlewicks. It is native to western and southern Mexico.

For previous introduction see No. 66168.

73080. SOJA MAX (L.) Piper (*Glycine hispida* Maxim.). Fabaceae.
Soy bean.

From Algiers, Algeria. Seeds presented by Dr. L. Trabut, Government botanist, through W. T. Swingle, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received June 18, 1927.

73081. CASIMIROA EDULIS Llave. Rutaceae.
White sapote.

From Chico, Calif. Plants from the United States Plant Introduction Garden. Received June 21, 1927.

Plants grown from scions originally received from O. E. Orpet, Santa Barbara, Calif. The fruits are up to 3½ inches in diameter and are of excellent quality.