

72781 to 72818—Continued.

72784. *ASTER YUNNANENSIS* Franch. Asteraceae.

A herbaceous perennial aster from south-eastern China, having unusually large brilliant lilac-blue flowers with a yellow disk.

For previous introduction see No. 67000.

72785. *BUDDLEIA FALLOWIANA* Balf. f., and W. W. Smith. Loganiaceae.

A shrubby plant with white woolly foliage and white flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 66230.

72786. *BUDDLEIA STENOSTACHYA* Rehd. and Wils. Loganiaceae. Butterfly bush.

A western Chinese shrub with narrowly oblong leaves 2 to 6 inches long and slender terminal panicles of fragrant lavender flowers which have orange eyes.

For previous introduction see No. 43829.

72787. *CARMICHAELIA ARBOREA* (Forst. f.) Druce (*C. australis* R. Br.). Fabaceae.

An ornamental evergreen shrub, 2 feet high, with light-blue flowers.

72788. *CASSINIA FULVIDA* Hook. f. Asteraceae.

An ornamental heathlike shrub which is covered with a yellowish down and produces white flowers. It is native to New Zealand.

72789. *CASSINIA VAUVILLIERSII* (Homb. and Jacq.) Hook. f. Asteraceae.

An erect compact shrub, 6 to 10 feet high, with small narrow leathery leaves half an inch long and dense terminal corymbs of white flowers. Native to New Zealand.

72790 to 72792. *CISTUS* spp. Cistaceae. Rockrose.

72790. *CISTUS CORBARIENSIS* Pourt.

A white-flowered shrub 2 feet high, native to Spain.

72791. *CISTUS FLORENTINUS* Lam.

A dwarf shrub with very narrow leaves and white flowers, which is a hybrid between *Cistus monspeliensis* and *C. salviifolius*.

For previous introduction see No. 67636.

72792. *CISTUS VILLOSUS* L.

An erect hairy shrub, 3 to 4 feet high, with wrinkled gray-green leaves and one to three reddish purple flowers about 2 inches wide. Native to the Mediterranean region.

For previous introduction see No. 67350.

72793. *CLEMATIS CHRYSOCOMA SERICEA* (Franch.) C. Schneid. Ranunculaceae.

An ornamental Chinese vine about 20 feet high, with silky hairy rounded leaves and solitary or paired pinkish flowers 3 to 4 inches across.

For previous introduction see No. 63394.

72794 to 72796. *COTONEASTER* spp. Malaceae.

72794. *COTONEASTER HARROVIANA* Wilson.

An evergreen shrub with a loose spreading habit, about 6 feet in height, having shining dark-green bristle-tipped leaves, dense corymbs of white flowers, and red fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 58146.

72795. *COTONEASTER LINDLEYI* Steud.

A large shrub or small tree, with semi-deciduous dark-green leaves, corymbs of white flowers, and bluish black fruits. Native to the northwestern Himalayas.

For previous introduction see No. 58149.

72781 to 72818—Continued.

72796. *COTONEASTER MELANOCARPA* LAXIFLORA (Jacq.) C. Schneid.

A spreading shrub, about 12 feet high, with oval dark-green leaves which are grayish white beneath, gracefully pendulous clusters of pinkish white flowers, and black globose fruits. This Siberian species is one of the most attractive of the black-fruited cotoneasters.

For previous introduction see No. 58150.

72797. *DAVIDIA INVOLUCRATA* VILMORINIANA (Dode) Hemsl. Cornaceae. Dovetree.

A handsome hardy Chinese tree of pyramidal habit, differing from the typical form in leaf characters and perhaps less winter-hardy. The white floral bracts make a striking contrast with the bright-green foliage.

For previous introduction see No. 62030.

72798. *DEUTZIA LONGIFOLIA* VEITCHII (Veitch) Rehder. Hydrangeaceae. Longleaf deutzia.

This deutzia, from Yunnan, China, which bears its large flowers in dense many-flowered corymbs, is one of the handsomest of the genus, but has proved hardy only under protection at the Arnold Arboretum, Jamaica Plains, Mass.

For previous introduction see No. 66560.

72799. *DEUTZIA WILSONI* Duthie. Hydrangeaceae.

A very handsome Chinese shrub with reddish brown bark, soon peeling, and scabrous oblanceolate leaves 3 to 5 inches long. The white flowers, nearly 1 inch across, are in open corymbs, and the petal margins are wavy and hooded.

For previous introduction see No. 66289.

72800 to 72804. *ERODIUM* spp. Geraniaceae. Heronbill.

72800. *ERODIUM AMANUM* Boiss. and Kotschy.

A somewhat caespitose herbaceous perennial, native to Syria.

72801. *ERODIUM GLANDULOSUM* (Cav.) Willd. (*E. macradenum* L'Herit.).

A stemless herbaceous perennial, native to the Pyrenees Mountains, with long stout roots, hairy leaves 2 to 6 inches long, and light-purple flowers three-fourths of an inch across.

For previous introduction see No. 66563.

72802. *ERODIUM MANESCAVI* Coss.

Pyrenees heronbill.

A herbaceous perennial plant, belonging to the Geranium family, about a foot and a half high, with narrow leaves 6 inches or more in length and rosy purple flowers about 2 inches across. It grows wild in the Pyrenees Mountains.

For previous introduction see No. 66564.

72803. *ERODIUM PETRAEUM* (Gouan) Willd.

A herbaceous perennial, native to Asia Minor, with a vertical rhizome, numerous crowded basal leaves, and violet or pink flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 66565.

72804. *ERODIUM SUPRADENUM* Hort.

A herbaceous plant of possible use as forage.

72805 to 72807. *HEDYSARUM* spp. Fabaceae.

72805. *HEDYSARUM CORONARIUM* L.

A perennial or biennial European plant, 2 to 4 feet high, with odd-pinnate foliage and axillary racemes of deep-red, fragrant flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 64930.