

69079 to 69093—Continued.

about 40 feet in height, with smooth, pale-gray bark, thick, wide-spreading branches, and large, sharply toothed leaves which normally appear after the flowers have passed their prime. The flowers, borne in profusion in the spring, are single, pink, or nearly white, and about an inch across. The small black fruits are sometimes produced abundantly and afford an easy means of propagation.

For previous introduction see No. 67964.

69093. PRUNUS YEDOENSIS PERPENDENS Wilson.

"In the Woods," North Chevy Chase, Md., residence of David Fairchild. *Shidareyoshino*. A weeping form of the Yoshino variety, differing only in habit.

69094. LOTUS ANGSTISSIMUS L. Fabaceae.

From Auckland, New Zealand. Seeds purchased from Arthur Yates & Co. Received October 9, 1926.

An upright or ascending leguminous annual, about a foot high, native to the Mediterranean countries. The golden-yellow flowers are often reddish at the tips.

For previous introduction see No. 51856.

69095 to 69101.

From Manchuria. Seeds obtained by P. H. Dorsett, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received October 11, 1926.

69095. HYPERICUM ASCYRON L. Hypericaceae.

No. 6462. *Shitankhetsy*. August 24, 1926. A hardy ornamental yellow-flowered shrub.

69096. PHLEUM PRATENSE L. Poaceae.
Timothy.

No. 6456. *Shitankhetsy*. August 23, 1926.

69097. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Amygdalaceae.
Apricot.

No. 6474. *Ertshintentze*. August 30, 1926. A wild apricot of Manchuria, which becomes a good-sized tree. The fruits are edible.

69098. PRUNUS GLANDULOSA Thunb. Amygdalaceae.
Cherry.

No. 6473. *Shitankhetsy*. August 27, 1926. This pink-flowered Chinese shrub, often grown as an ornamental, bears abundant fruits with a fresh acid flavor which make excellent preserves.

For previous introduction see No. 60983.

69099. SPIRAEA sp. Rosaceae. *Spirea*.

No. 6463. *Shitankhetsy*. August 24, 1926. An ornamental white-flowered bush, native to Manchuria.

69100. TRIFOLIUM HYBRIDUM L. Fabaceae.
Alsike clover.

No. 6455. *Shitankhetsy*. August 23, 1926. A pink-headed clover, resembling our red variety though not so large.

69101. TRIFOLIUM REPENS L. Fabaceae.
White clover.

No. 6454. *Shitankhetsy*. August 23, 1926. A small white clover resembling the one found in the United States.

69102. OMPHALEA OLEIFERA Hemsl. Euphorbiaceae.

From Moyuta, Guatemala. Seeds presented by P. Marcucci G. Received October 19, 1926.

This Central American tree, known in Guatemala as palo de queso, matasano cimarron, and hoja de queso, is called tambor in Salvador, according to P. C. Standley (Pharmaceutical Journal, vol. 110, p. 489). The main value of the tree lies in the fruit and seeds. From the latter is obtained an oil with the same properties as castor oil, but with an agreeable flavor. This oil is also used for making soap, for illumination, and in cooking. The immature fruits when boiled are said to have an excellent flavor, and the ripe seeds are eaten as a delicacy.

For previous introduction see No. 64811.

69103 to 69107.

From Stockholm, Sweden. Seeds obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received October 19, 1926.

The following material was obtained at the Stockholm Botanic Gardens, September 30, 1926.

69103. LARIX KURILENSIS Mayr. Pinaceae.
Larch.

No. 920. A distinctive and interesting species, originally from the Kurile Islands, Japan; said to grow 70 feet in height.

69104. LIGULARIA SIBIRICA (L.) Cass. Asteraceae.

No. 918. A northern Chinese hardy perennial with reddish flowers which seems to be peculiarly suited to conditions in Sweden and should be tried in the New England States.

For previous introduction see No. 36762.

69105 to 69107. RHEUM spp. Polygonaceae.
Rhubarb.

69105. RHEUM FRANZENBACHII Muentzer.

No. 919. A rapidly growing species of rhubarb, native to temperate Asia, which is a striking ornamental suitable for borders and possibly for breeding purposes.

69106. RHEUM MACROPTERUM Mart.

No. 921. A plant with handsome foliage and striking clusters of flowers and seeds, valuable perhaps for borders or breeding purposes. Country of origin unknown.

69107. RHEUM WITTROCKII Lundstroem.

No. 917. A tall broad-leaved European species with light-pink flowers and fruits.

69108. PRUNUS YEDOENSIS Mats. Amygdalaceae.
Yoshino cherry.

From North Chevy Chase, Md. Seeds collected by Paul Russell, Bureau of Plant Industry, June 9, 1926. Numbered October, 1926.

For previous introduction and description see No. 69092.