

67088. POA FLABELLATA (Lam.) Hook.
f. Poaceae. **Tussock grass.**

From the Falkland Islands. Seeds presented by Dr. A. W. Hill, Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, England. Received May 1, 1926.

According to Hogg (Vegetable Kingdom, p. 823), this is a coarse grass which grows on peaty soil near the sea in the Falkland Islands. It forms dense masses of stems which frequently rise to a height of from 4 to 6 feet, and the long tapering leaves hang gracefully over in curves, from 5 to 8 feet long and an inch wide at the base. The plant is much relished by cattle, being nutritious and containing saccharin. The inner portion of the stem, a little way above the root, is soft and crisp and flavored like a hazelnut; the inhabitants of the Falkland Islands are very fond of it. They also boil the young shoots and eat them like asparagus.

For previous introduction see No. 64210.

67089. SOLANUM TUBEROSUM L.
Solanaceae. **Potato.**

From Honolulu, Hawaii. Tuber presented by J. M. Westgate, Director, Hawaii Agricultural Experiment Station, through C. F. Clarke, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received May 12, 1926.

A strain of the *Hamakua* variety of potato which is a good yielder and a better keeper than the original *Hamakua*.

67090 to 67131. ORYZA SATIVA L. Po-
aceae. **Rice.**

From Sabour, India. Seeds presented by A. C. Dobbs, director of agriculture, Bihar and Orissa. Received May 3, 1926.

Locally developed strains.

67090 to 67111. From Bihar.

- 67090. *Bachi-Aman*.
- 67091. *Bachi (Kesharia-Katki)*.
- 67092. *Baitarni*.
- 67093. *Balam-Aman*.
- 67094. *Dudraj-Aman*.
- 67095. *Gokulsar-Aman*.
- 67096. *Hemcha*.
- 67097. *Hura*. Early Aman.
- 67098. *Kalam Barawa-Aman*.
- 67099. *Kalam-Aman*.
- 67100. *Kelasar*.
- 67101. *Kessore*.
- 67102. *Kughi-Aman*.
- 67103. *Mahdagar*.
- 67104. *Manesra*.
- 67105. *Mansura-Aman*.
- 67106. *Nagir-Aman*.
- 67107. *Pakhar-Aman*.
- 67108. *Selha*.
- 67109. *Sirhanti*.
- 67110. *Surgamani-Aman*.
- 67111. *Ujarka Bhoga*.

67112 to 67114. From Chota, Nagpur.

- 67112. *Katka*. Early.
- 67113. *Keshwarphul*. Late.
- 67114. *Tangmusra*. Medium.

67109 to 67131—Continued.

67115 to 67120. From Orissa.

- 67115. *Champanidhipal*.
- 67116. *Dalua*.
- 67117. *Poagi*.
- 67118. *Rakta Chandan*.
- 67119. *Ranga Kanthi*.
- 67120. *Saragada Bangi*.

67121 to 67125. Selected varieties from Chota, Nagpur.

- 67121. *Doranda*.
- 67122. *Tilasar*. Early.
- 67123. *Katka*.
- 67124. *Rais*.
- 67125. *Ramgarh*.

67126 to 67131. Selected varieties from Orissa.

- 67126. *Dahia*. Early Aman.
- 67127. *Cuttack No. 1*. Early Aman.
- 67128. *Cuttack No. 2*. Medium-late Aman.
- 67129. *Cuttack No. 3*. Late Aman.
- 67130. *Cuttack No. 4*. Late Aman.
- 67131. *Cuttack No. 6*. Late Aman.

67132. CITRUS GRANDIS (L.) Osbeck
(*C. decumana* Murr.). Rutaceae. **Grapefruit.**

From China. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock, Arnold Arboretum, Jamaica Plain, Mass. Received May 4, 1926.

A wild grapefruit found in the dry arid district of southern Kansu, below Siku, at an altitude of 3,000 to 4,000 feet. The tree is 15 to 20 feet in height, and the fruit 5 to 6 inches in diameter, very juicy, but sour and full of seeds. (Rock.)

67133. ROTHIA INDICA (L.) Druce
(*R. trifoliata* DC.). Fabaceae.

From Peradeniya, Ceylon. Seeds presented by A. H. G. Alston, systematic botanist, Ceylon Department of Agriculture. Received May 8, 1926.

An annual leguminous plant, native to India, which, according to T. Petch (Tropical Agriculturist, December, 1924) is common in dry situations in Ceylon and because of its trailing habit should make a good cover plant.

67134. POA FLABELLATA (Lam.)
Hook. f. Poaceae. **Tussock grass.**

From Stanley, Falkland Islands. Seeds presented by the colonial secretary. Received May 10, 1926.

For previous introduction and description see No. 67088.

67135. FICUS ERECTA Thunb. Mor-
aceae. **Fig.**

From Hakojuoka, Japan. Seeds received May, 1926, at the Plant Introduction Garden, Chico, Calif., from Dr. Tyozauro Tanaka, department of agriculture, Kyushu Imperial University, through Ira J. Condit, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

An ornamental shrub or small tree, native to China, Japan, and the Himalayas, very variable in size, character of foliage, and degree of pubescence. The fruits are single or in pairs, globular or pear-shaped, and long-stalked or sessile.