

67022 to 67066—Continued.

67037. IRIS MUSULMANICA Fomin.

An iris from the vicinity of Elisabethpol, Caucasus, which, according to the Moniteur du Jardin Botanique de Tiflis (vol. 14, 1909), inhabits brackish swamps. It is less than 2 feet tall, and the flowers are either sky blue or yellowish.

For previous introduction see No. 64299.

67038. IRIS OCHAUREA Hort.

A hybrid between *Iris ochroleuca* and *I. aurea* about 5 feet high. The outer segments are rich yellow with a creamy border, and the inner segments are erect and yellowish.

67039. IRIS SPURIA DESERTORUM Ker.

A European iris, with firm linear, glaucous leaves about a foot long and one to three spicate heads of flowers, which are pale lilac with the claws of the segments yellow.

For previous introduction see No. 40519.

67040. LIGUSTRUM DELAVAYANUM Hariot. Oleaceae. Privet.

An evergreen shrub about 6 feet high with long graceful branches and dark, shining-green oval leaves. The white flowers, borne in downy panicles, and the black fruits make the shrub very ornamental. It is native to the mountainous regions of Yunnan, China.

For previous introduction see No. 58613.

67041. LIGUSTRUM WALKERI Decaisne. Oleaceae. Privet.

An evergreen shrub native to southern India, with oval or lanceolate leaves and large panicles of white flowers.

67042. MELLILOTUS ALBA Desf. Fabaceae. Hubam.

Variety *annua*.

67043. MUSCARI HELDREICHII Boiss. Liliaceae. Grape hyacinth.

An early-flowering bulbous plant, native to Greece, with linear leaves and 8 to 10 amethyst flowers on a scape 4 to 6 inches long.

67044 to 67050. PAEONIA spp. Ranunculaceae. Peony.

67044. PAEONIA ARIETINA Anders.

A European herbaceous peony about 3 feet high, with five-lobed or six-lobed leaves and a large solitary dark-red flower.

67045. PAEONIA BAKERI Lynch.

A peony of unknown origin which, as described by R. Irwin Lynch (Journal of the Royal Horticultural Society, vol. 12, p. 441), has a spindle-shaped root, a stout red stem 2 feet high, about six binate leaves, and deep-pink, single flowers 5 inches across.

67046. PAEONIA CORALLINA Retz. Coral peony.

A tall peony with carrotlike roots and purple flowers, rarely whitish or yellowish. Native to southern Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 30522.

67047. PAEONIA CORIACEA Boiss.

A Spanish peony, allied to *Paeonia albiflora*, with nearly unbranched, reddish stems, leathery leaves, and bright-crimson flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 62671.

67048. PAEONIA LUTEA Delavay. Golden peony.

A shrubby Chinese peony, with a short, woody stem 1 or 2 feet high, and deep-green,

67022 to 67066—Continued.

leathery, three-parted leaves, white beneath and about a foot in length. The golden yellow single or slightly double flowers are 2½ inches across.

For previous introduction see No. 62758.

67049. PAEONIA PEREGRINA Mill.

A herbaceous European peony about 2 feet high, with deep-green leaves, paler beneath, and dark-crimson flowers.

67050. PAEONIA TRITERNATA Pall.

A tall herbaceous peony with carrot-shaped roots which resembles *Paeonia coralina*, but differs in having rounded leaves, green stems, and rose-colored or whitish flowers. It is native to southeastern Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 64305.

67051. PYRACANTHA sp. Malaceae. Fire thorn.

An evergreen shrub from eastern Asia.

67052. ROSA ADIANTIFOLIA Hort. Rosaceae. Rose.

67053. ROSA DAVIDI ELONGATA Rehd. and Wils. Rosaceae. David rose.

A shrubby rose, 10 feet high, with scattered straight prickles and single pink flowers about 2 inches across, in corymbs.

67054. SKIMMIA FOREMANNII Hort. Rutaceae.

A densely branched evergreen shrub, a hybrid between *Skimmia fortunei* and *S. japonica*.

67055. SYRINGA TOMENTELLA Bur. and Franch. Oleaceae. Wilson lilac.

A bushy shrub about 8 feet high with elliptic leaves, hairy beneath, and white or lilac flowers in clusters, 6 inches long. Native to western China.

67056 to 67060. TRITICUM spp. Poaceae. Grass.

67056 to 67058. TRITICUM CYLINDRICUM (Host.) Ces. Pas. and Gib.

67056. Received as *Aegilops bicornis*, but does not agree with that species.

67057. An ornamental annual grass with stiff, upright stems and narrow leaves. Native to dry sandy places in southern and southeastern Europe.

For previous introduction see No. 64097.

67058. Received as *Aegilops speltoides*, but does not agree with that species.

67059. TRITICUM TRIUNCIALE (L.) Gren. and Godr.

A thickly branched, annual grass with ascending stems and flat, rough leaves. Native to dry places in the Mediterranean region.

For previous introduction see No. 64099.

67060. TRITICUM VENTRICOSUM (Tausch) Ces. Pas. and Gib.

An annual grass, native to the Mediterranean region, with upright stems and panicles up to 8 inches long.

For previous introduction see No. 57072.

67061 and 67062. TRITOMA UVARIA (L.) Ker. Liliaceae. Torch Lily.

67061. Variety *nobilis*. A variety having uniformly red flowers in short ovoid spikes.

67062. Variety *saundersii*. A variety with reddish orange flowers in elliptical spikes; the plant grows 4 to 6 feet high.