

65001 to 65047—Continued.

gust, 1925. A delicious dark-fleshed variety, perfectly round, with a thin dark-green rind.

65006. *COTYLEDON UMBILICUS* L. Crasulaceae.

No. 157. From Barranco de la Galga, Palma, Canary Islands, July 20, 1925. A plant with tubers which enable it to live on the tile roofs of houses in the dry burning summer climate of Morocco and the Canary Islands.

65007. *CUCUMIS MELO* L. Cucurbitaceae. Melon.

No. 203. Seeds of the "Francesca" and "Valencianos" varieties of melon purchased from the seed dealer Bartolome Amengual Delmau, Palma, Majorca, Balearic Islands, August 22, 1925.

65008 to 65011. *CYTISUS* spp. Fabaceae.65008. *CYTISUS FILIPES* Webb and Berth.

No. 167. From the Barranco de la Galga, Palma, Canary Islands, July 20, 1925. A shrub which is grown for its fragrant white flowers, on the terraces of the barrancos of the island. It resembles superficially a *Genista*.

65009. *CYTISUS PALMENSIS* (Christ) Hutchinson. Tagasaste.

No. 180b. From the hillside above Santa Cruz, Palma, Canary Islands, July 16, 1925. One of the varieties of tagasaste which is deserving of trial as a forage shrub for the cool, but not cold, regions of California and Arizona. Unless the bushes are cut they become so woody and hard that the stock refuse to eat them. The shrub, 12 feet or less in height, has long slender hairy branches, narrow leaves, silky beneath, and axillary clusters of white flowers. Native to the Canary Islands.

65010. *CYTISUS PEREZII* Hutchinson. Escabon.

No. 180a. From Osario, Terror, Grand Canary, Canary Islands, July 26, 1925. The escabon of the Canary Islanders, who grow it for firewood largely, but do not cut it for forage as they do tagasaste [S. P. I. No. 65009]. The flowers are white and are said to be fragrant. This is an ornamental of some promise.

65011. *CYTISUS STENOPETALUS* (Webb) Christ.

Nos. 151 and 152. From the old Perez garden, now part of the grounds of the Hotel Victoria, Orotava, Tenerife, Canary Islands, July 9, 1925. The "gacia" or "gacio" is a forage crop of the Canary Islands used particularly for feeding goats; it is said to induce milk production. It is a shrub or small tree, 20 feet or less in height, with crowded silky pubescent foliage and elongated racemes of bright-yellow flowers. Native to the Canary Islands.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 44832.

65012. *DOLICHOS JACQUINII* DC. (*D. ignosus* Jacq., not L.). Fabaceae.

No. 179. From an old garden wall at Chella, the old Moorish ruin of Kasba, near Rabat, Morocco, June 21, 1925.

65001 to 65047—Continued.

The profuse blooming habit and the extreme elegance of foliage make this Australian vine valuable for covering porches. It is an evergreen perennial with leaves much smaller than those of *Dolichos lablab*. The flowers are white or purplish.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 48668.

65013. *EPHEDRA ALTISSIMA* Desf. Gnetaeae.

No. 227. Collected in an Arab cemetery near Amizmiz, south of Marrakesh, Morocco, May 30, 1925.

A climbing much-branched shrub, up to 20 feet in height, with green branches resembling the stems of the horsetail (*Equisetum*), very small leaves, and berrylike scarlet fruits. Native to North Africa.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 57930.

65014. *FUCHSIA CORYMBIFLORA* Ruiz and Pav. Onagraceae.

No. 155. From the old Perez garden, now part of the grounds of the Hotel Victoria, Orotava, Tenerife, Canary Islands, July 12, 1925.

A handsome Peruvian fuchsia with large serrate taper-pointed leaves and deep-red flowers. The plant becomes tall, but requires support to attain full height, and is therefore adapted for pillars or pergolas in the warmest parts of the United States.

65015 to 65018. *GENISTA* spp. Fabaceae.65015. *GENISTA MONOSPERMA* (L.) Lam.

No. 172. From the park at Icod, Tenerife, Canary Islands, July 9, 1925.

For previous introduction and description, see S. P. I. Nos. 64924 to 64926.

65016. *GENISTA RHODORHIZOIDES* Webb and Berth.

No. 173. From a private garden at Yaiza, Lanzarote, Canary Islands, July 30, 1925. A white-flowered fragrant shrub growing 10 to 12 feet in height when cultivated. Useful probably as a sand binder and also for forcing purposes in greenhouses because of its fragrant flowers.

65017. *GENISTA SPHAEROCARPA* Lam.

No. 159. From the hillsides near Ronda, Spain, July 1, 1925.

For previous introduction and description, see S. P. I. No. 64927.

65018. *GENISTA* sp.

No. 186. From Mercedes, Tenerife, Canary Islands, at an altitude of 2,300 feet, July 12, 1925. A leguminous shrub which may have value as a soil improver.

65019. *GOSYPIUM* sp. Malvaceae.

Cotton.

No. 206. San Antonio, Iviza, Balearic Islands, August 14, 1925. From a single plant which most likely had escaped from some garden.

65020. *JUNIPERUS PHOENICEA* L. Pinaceae. Juniper.

No. 207. Collected near San Giuseppe, Iviza, Balearic Islands, August 16, 1925.