

64765 to 64797—Continued.

64765. *AGROPYRON CILIARE* (Trin.) Franch. Poaceae. **Grass.**

No. 3697. Harbin. July 11, 1925. A tall-growing short-awned grass found in the new Russian cemetery.

64766. *AQUILEGIA OXYSEPALA* Trautv. and Mey. Ranunculaceae. **Columbine.**

No. 3526. June 29, 1925. An herbaceous plant, having more or less square flowers with four points; obtained in rocky situations at Jalatun and Barun.

64767. *OXYTROPIS OXYPIXYLLA* (Pall.) DC. Fabaceae.

No. 3610. Hailar. July 5, 1925. Obtained from plants growing in the sand dunes.

64768. *CARAGANA PYGMAEA* (L.) DC. Fabaceae. **Dwarf pea tree.**

No. 3677. Chalaloerh. July 7, 1925. A small thorny shrub.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55769.

64769. *CARAGANA* sp. Fabaceae.

No. 3702. Harbin. July 11, 1925. Obtained in the new Russian cemetery.

64770. *ERODIUM* sp. Geraniaceae.

No. 3383. Tsitsihar. June 22, 1925. From the nursery of the forester of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

64771. *FESTUCA OVINA* L. Poaceae. **Sheep fescue.**

No. 3599. Hilar. July 3, 1925. A rather tall-growing grass found in the sand dunes located to the north of the city. The location is very much exposed, and at this season, at least, it is very dry.

64772. *HORDEUM VIOLACEUM* Boiss. Poaceae. **Grass.**

No. 3589. Hilar. July 3, 1925. One of the commonest grasses we have found in the regions thus far visited.

64773. *LILIUM TENUIFOLIUM* Fisch. Liliaceae. **Lily.**

No. 3477. June 27, 1925. Bulbs of a low-growing lily with recurved drooping pink or red flowers, found on the granite mountain to the east of Jalatun.

64774. *LILIUM CONCOLOR BUSCHIANUM* (Lodd.) Baker. Liliaceae. **Lily.**

No. 3478. Jalatun. June 28, 1925. Bulbs of an upright red-flowered lily growing on the lower levels and occasionally on the sides of the hills. The petals of this lily do not recurve, and the flowers do not droop but stand erect.

64775. *MELICA GMELINI* Turcz. Poaceae. **Grass.**

No. 3469. Barun. June 29, 1925. Found on the mountain side in exposed rocky situations.

64776. *PAPAVER NUDICAULE* L. Papaveraceae. **Poppy.**

No. 3479. Jalatun. June 27, 1925. An attractive sulphur-yellow long-stemmed poppy which is abundant in this region.

64777. *PHOENIX DACTYLIFERA* L. Phoenicaceae. **Date palm.**

No. 3307. June 15, 1925. "Eggplant" date, received from E. M. Lamb, director,

64765 to 64797—Continued.

First Sino-Turkestan Motion Picture Expedition, and called by him Tsao erh, meaning "Tibetan jujube." It is my understanding that these fruits are grown in Tibet.

64778 to 64786. *POA* spp. Poaceae. **Grass.**

64778 and 64779. *POA CHAIXII* Vill.

64778. No. 3313. June 17, 1925. A rather coarse, very open-headed grass obtained from the small park near New Town, Harbin.

64779. No. 3552. Batun. July 1, 1925. A very open-headed grass with brittle stems.

64780. *POA MEMORALIS* L.

No. 3363. June 22, 1925. Obtained from the dry prairie land north of Tsitsihar. This is one of the most common grasses we have seen on the prairie.

64781. *POA PALUSTRIS* L. **Fowl meadow grass.**

No. 3314. June 17, 1925. Found in the small parks on the hill just outside of New Town, Harbin.

64782 to 64784. *POA PRATENSIS* L. **Bluegrass.**

64782. No. 3517. June 29, 1925. Plants found growing in moist gravelly soil at Barun.

64783. No. 3542. Barun. June 30, 1925. This is a single-stemmed, rather open-headed grass, found in a river-bottom area.

64784. No. 3664. Hailar. July 6, 1925. Obtained in the prairie, Argon river bottom.

64785 and 64786. *POA SPHONDYLODES* Trin.

64785. No. 3371. Tsitsihar. June 21, 1925. From a hot dry field near the railroad station.

64786. No. 3625. Hailar. July 5, 1925.

64787. *POPULUS SUAVEOLENS* Fisch. Salicaceae. **Poplar.**

No. 3480. Jalatun. June 27, 1925. From trees growing in the parks.

64788 and 64789. *PRUNUS ARMENIACA* L. Amygdalaceae. **Apricot.**

64788. No. 3704. Harbin. July 12, 1925. A medium-sized, almost round, deep-yellow apricot with golden-yellow flesh which, though not juicy, is of very good quality. This looks as though it may be a plumcot; the seeds appear to be somewhat different from the ordinary apricot.

64789. No. 3710. Harbin. July 20, 1925. This variety, called "Large red apricot," was shipped in from Tientsin. It is about the handsomest apricot we have seen, being bright golden yellow with a very attractive pink blush and yellow flesh. The seed is large and quite flat. The fruit is a freestone, not juicy, and, according to our standard, the quality is low, but this may be due to the fruit having been picked quite green.