

56801 and 56802—Continued.

perennial. It does not spread by underground roots but volunteers very freely from seed, especially where the land has been cultivated. The stems are somewhat woody and more canelike than those of Sudan grass."

56802. *SORGHUM VERSICOLOR* Anderss.

"This is called locally 'black Sudan grass.'"

56803. *SOLANUM TUBEROSUM* L. Solanaceæ. **Potato.**

From Bogota, Colombia. Tubers presented by Brother Aristé Joseph. Received June 8, 1923.

"The yellow-fleshed potato is one of the most interesting varieties found in the Andean region, home of many remarkable potatoes. The tubers are rather small and have deep eyes, so that they are not as easily prepared for the table as those of some other varieties; but in point of quality they yield to none that I have tasted. The flesh is the color of American butter and has a rich, nutty flavor suggesting that of the chestnut. It seems to me the variety might be improved, so as to do away with the objectionable eyes, and that it would then be worth extensive cultivation." (*Wilson Popenoe.*)

56804. *TETRASTIGMA* sp. Vitaceæ.

From Belgian Congo. Seeds presented by C. Passau, Kilometer 309, near Kongolo. Received June 5, 1923.

"An annual climber greatly resembling the grape in habit, fruits, and general appearance, with non-woody stems from 30 to 50 feet in length. The plant seems to require having its feet in the shade and its head in the sun; it is never found in real forests, but grows up through underbrush." (*Passau.*)

56805. *CUCUMIS SATIVUS* L. Cucurbitaceæ. **Cucumber.**

From Jaipur, Rajputana, India. Seeds presented by Sir James Roberts. Received April 2, 1923.

"This cucumber is from Malwa, Central India. It is 18 to 20 inches in length and thicker and more fleshy than the ordinary cucumber varieties. It is grown in the rainy season, and as the Malwa Plateau is nearly 2,000 feet above sea level the temperature at that season is lower than in many parts of India. I believe that this variety should do well in the warmer parts of the United States." (*Roberts.*)

56806. *TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE* L. Fabaceæ. **Red clover.**

From Reading, England. Seeds presented by Sutton & Sons. Received April 2, 1923.

Wild red clover.

Introduced for department specialists engaged in clover breeding.

56807. *TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE* L. Fabaceæ. **Red clover.**

From Groningen, Netherlands. Seeds purchased from C. Broekema, manager, Groninger Zaaizaadvereniging.

Rozendaal red clover.

Introduced for department specialists engaged in clover-breeding investigations.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 54889.

56808 to 56810.

From Verrieres le Buisson, Seine et Oise, France. Presented by A. Meunissier. Received April 3, 1923.

56808. *CARAGANA BOISI* C. Schneid. Fabaceæ.

Seeds of a handsome bush 10 to 12 feet high, with long, arching branches, native to Szechwan and eastern Tibet, China. In May the light-green foliage and numerous yellow flowers make this an especially attractive ornamental. (Adapted from letter of A. Meunissier, May 18, 1923.)

56809 and 56810. *CRATAEGUS LAVALLEI* Herincq. Malaceæ. **Hawthorn.**

"A tree of garden origin with pure-white flowers and red fruits an inch in diameter, well displayed by the rich-brown leaves in autumn." (*H. C. Skeels.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 54078.

56809. Seeds.

56810. Scions.

56811. *IRIS* sp. Iridaceæ. **Iris.**

From western Yunnan, China. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock, Agricultural Explorer of the Bureau of Plant Industry. Received April 3, 1923.

"(February 6, 1923.) Seeds collected from a fruiting plant about 2 feet high found in the snow at an altitude of 8,800 feet on the crater of the extinct volcano Tayinshan, near Tengyueh. The natives say that this is a very handsome plant with large purplish blue flowers." (*Rock.*)

56812 to 56819. *ZIZIPHUS MAURITIANA* Lam. (*Z. jujuba* Lam., not Mill.) Rhamnaceæ. **Bor**

From Poona, Bombay, India. Seeds presented by G. S. Cheema, Horticulturist to the Government of Bombay, College of Agriculture. Received April 4 and 11, 1923.

"The bor, or Indian jujube, is grown throughout India for its fruits, which are usually small and more or less spherical in the wild forms. The cultivated kinds which have been selected are larger and ova or oblong in shape. When cooked some of the varieties have a very pleasing acid flavor not unlike that of plums. The bor is a valuable fruit for the warmer parts of Florida and other Southern States and merits serious consideration as a home fruit in these sections." (*C. C. Thomas.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 55488

56812. No. 13.

56816. No. 17.

56813. No. 14.

56817. No. 19.

56814. No. 15.

56818. No. 21.

56815. No. 16.

56819.

56820. *ROSA SEMPERVIRENS* L. Rosaceæ. **Rose**

From Nice, France. Seeds presented by Dr. A. Robertson Proschowsky. Received April 1, 1923.

A shrubby wild rose which grows in hedgerow and rather dry situations in the southern and western parts of France. The shining green leaf composed of five to seven leaflets, are persistent throughout all or part of the winter, and the single white flowers appear from May to July. They are a number of horticultural forms cultivated; ornamentals. (Adapted from *Bonnier, Flore Complexe de France, vol. 4, p. 6, pl. 181.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 3296