

53595 to 53606—Continued.

53602. "*Maiz colorado*, 1920 harvest. From Grain Exchange of Buenos Aires."

53603. "*Maiz amarillo canario*, 1920 harvest. From Grain Exchange of Buenos Aires."

53604. "*Maiz morocho perla*, 1920 harvest. From Grain Exchange of Buenos Aires."

53605. "*Maiz colorado Cuarenteno*, 1920 harvest. From Grain Exchange of Buenos Aires."

53606. "*Maiz morocho*, 1920 harvest. From Grain Exchange of Buenos Aires."

53607. CORONILLA VARIA L. Fabaceæ.

From Stockholm, Sweden. Seeds presented by Dr. Robert E. Fries, director, Hortus Botanicus Bergianus. Received May 25, 1921.

A free-flowering European plant which blooms from June until September in Chicago and is at its best in July. The peduncles are crowned with dense umbels of pink and white flowers, and the plant is a pleasing feature for rockeries, ledges, or dry and semishady banks. It is too rampant for the border. (Adapted from *Gardening*, vol. 5, p. 337.)

53608 and 53609.

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Seeds presented by Sr. Benito Carrasco, director, Botanic Garden. Received May 25, 1921.

53608. *SALPICHROA RHOMBOIDEA* (Gill. and Hook.) Miers. Solanaceæ.

An ornamental plant, native to Argentina, with very abundant leafy foliage and creeping, spreading branches which appear to be starred all over with small white flowers. The pretty, ivory-white, transparent berries somewhat resemble the pineapple in flavor and are eaten by the natives. The plant is very effective for covering bare arid spots where nothing else can be grown. It is hardy in Paris, France. (Adapted from *The Garden*, vol. 35, p. 367.)

53609. *IPOMOEA FICIFOLIA* Lindl. Convolvulaceæ. Morning-glory.

A large climber from the Kamerun region, with slender stems covered with starlike hairs and discolored leaves placed at intervals of 4 to 5 inches. The cymose inflorescence bears violet-rose, salver-shaped flowers 2 inches across and 2 inches long. The plant flowers from August until the middle of October. (Adapted from *The Gardeners' Chronicle*, vol. 22, p. 410.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 8868.

53610. DENDROCALAMUS STRICTUS (Roxb.) Nees. Poaceæ.

Bamboo.

From Dehra Dun, India. Seeds presented by R. D. Hole, forest botanist, Forest Research Institute and College, through Col. Edwin S. George. Received May 27, 1921.

"Seeds of a beautiful bamboo which has tremendous commercial value." (George.)

A bamboo native to India and extending to Burma, which grows on drier ground than bamboos generally. It attains a height of 100 feet and its strength and solidity render it fit for many select technical purposes. This bamboo endures great cold as well as dry heat and is useful for the consolidation of embankments, on account of the network of fibrous roots. It occasionally forms forests of its own, seeds almost annually, which is exceptional among the Bambusaceæ, and is readily grown from seed. (Adapted from *Mueller, Select Extra-Tropical Plants*, p. 165.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 40889.