

52669 to 52689—Continued.

pendent whitish yellow flowers which exhale a delicate perfume. (Adapted from *Vilmorin-Andrieux, Plantes Vivaces et a Massifs, 1921, p. 28.*)

52677. COTONEASTER DAMMERI RADICANS C. Schneid. Malaceæ.

This variety differs from the typical form in its long peduncles and constantly one or two flowered racemes. The fruit is globose and bright scarlet, and the normal habit of the plant prostrate and rooting. (Adapted from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianæ, vol. 1, p. 176.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 40574.

52678. DEUTZIA DISCOLOR Hemsl. Hydrangeaceæ.

"Variety *major*." (*Vilmorin-Andrieux.*)

A luxuriantly spreading shrub with branches so heavily laden with flowers that the tips bend over and trail the ground. The white flowers, larger than in the type, are sometimes slightly suffused with rose. (Adapted from *Gardening Illustrated, vol. 30, p. 307.*)

52679. FRAGARIA DALTONIANA J. Gay. Rosaceæ.

Himalayan strawberry.

A perennial stoloniferous plant with slightly hairy petioles 2 to 3 inches long and elliptic to obovate-elliptic membranous leaflets up to 1 inch long, covered with sparse white rigid hairs. The solitary one-flowered scape is a little shorter than the leaves. The oblong, cylindrical glabrous fruit is about half an inch long. Native to alpine pastures in the Sikkim-Himalayas, at altitudes of 10,000 to 15,000 feet. (Adapted from *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, vol. 44, pt. 2, p. 206.*)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 48286.

52680. FRAGARIA NILGERRENSIS Schlecht. Rosaceæ.

Nilghiri strawberry.

This vigorous and hardy strawberry was introduced from China under the direction of M. Maurice de Vilmorin and is remarkable for its tufted habit, hairy foliage, its small white flowers, and especially for its small, insipid, white, hairy fruits. (Adapted from *Journal Société Nationale d'Horticulture, vol. 21, p. 189.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 51616,

52681. JUGLANS INTERMEDIA VILMOREANA Carr. Juglandaceæ. Walnut.

A tree 80 feet high, possibly a hybrid between the European and American black walnut, with branches more upright than those of the European walnut, grayish bark, and bronze-colored young shoots. The buds are inclosed in fleshy, hairy scales. The fruit is intermediate between that of the two parents. The slightly coriaceous smooth dark-green ovate leaflets remain on the branches until killed by frost. The fruit is not produced every year, and never in large quantities; it is smooth and the nut is more deeply furrowed than that of the European species. The seed germinates well and produces plants resembling the parent. (Adapted from *Garden and Forest, vol. 4, p. 52.*)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 22525.

52682. JUGLANS sp. Juglandaceæ.

Walnut.

A new species of walnut.

52683. JUGLANS sp. Juglandaceæ.

Walnut.

"No. 6164. M. V." (*Vilmorin-Andrieux.*)