

## 51753 to 51758—Continued.

51755. *CANDOLLEA GRAMINIFOLIA* (Swartz) F. Muell. *Candolleaceæ*.  
(*Styldium graminifolium* Swartz.)

"Trigger plant." (Baker.)

An interesting tufted plant with scapes of large, beautiful rose-lilac flowers and beautiful narrow swordlike leaves, very glabrous, 5 to 8 inches long, the outermost gracefully recurved. (Adapted from *Le Jardin Fleuriste*, vol. 3, p. 286.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 44324.

51756. *EUCALYPTUS ALPINA* Lindl. *Myrtaceæ*.

A scrambling small tree with stringy bark, coriaceous leaves almost greasy in luster, fucose buds, and fruits which though smaller than those of *E. muelleri* have some resemblance to them. The tree is confined to the highest parts of the Gramplains (Victoria). (Adapted from *Maiden, Critical Revision of the Genus Eucalyptus*, vol. 1, p. 259, and vol. 3, p. 163.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 49860.

51757 and 51758. *KENNEDIA MONOPHYLLA* Vent. *Fabaceæ*.  
(*Hardenbergia monophylla* Benth.)

51757. "The purple native sarsaparilla from Panton Hill District."  
(Baker.)

An ornamental Australian vine, with solitary obtuse leaflets up to 4 inches in length and numerous violet or rose-purple flowers borne in twos or threes in racemes. (Adapted from *Maiden, Flowering Plants and Ferns of New South Wales*, pt. 1, p. 55.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 45790.

51758. "Variety *fruticosa*."

51759 to 51761. *MANGIFERA INDICA* L. *Anacardiaceæ*. **Mango.**

From Buitenzorg, Java. Seeds presented by Dr. M. W. Docters van Leeuwen, director, Botanic Garden. Received December 11, 1920. Quoted notes by the director.

51759. "Variety *aroemanis*."

51761. "Variety *madoe*."

51760. "Variety *golek*."

51762. *ADONIS VERNALIS* L. *Ranunculaceæ*.

From Paris, France. Seeds purchased from Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co. Received December 14, 1920.

A fine perennial reaching a height of 2 feet and bearing glistening yellow blossoms, in full sun often measuring 3 to 4 inches across. The entire plant contains about 10 per cent of aconitic acid, which is used in medicine as a substitute for digitalis to slow the action of the heart, increase the force of the heart beat, and increase the blood pressure. (Adapted from *Gardening Illustrated*, vol. 29, p. 146, and *National Standard Dispensatory*, p. 104.)

## 51763 and 51764.

From Bogota, Colombia. Seeds collected by Wilson Popenoe, Agricultural Explorer of the United States Department of Agriculture. Received December 3, 1920.

51763. *HYLOCEREUS* sp. *Cactaceæ*.

**Cactus.**

"(No. 510a. Bogota, Colombia. October 24, 1920.) *Pitahaya blanca* (white pitahaya), from the Bogota market. A rare edible-fruited cactus cultivated in Cundinamarca, probably at altitudes of 4,000 to 5,000 feet. The fruits are elliptic and rather slender in outline, about 4 inches long, light yellow externally, containing within a quantity of white, translucent flesh in which small black seeds are embedded. The flavor and quality of the fruit are rather better than those of other pitahayas I have seen." (Popenoe.)