

## 49525 and 49526—Continued.

49526. *XANTHOSOMA SAGITTAEFOLIUM* (L.) Schott. Aracæ. Yautia.  
 "Kiempoel poetieh. Introduced for testing in the South." (R. A. Young.)

## 49527 to 49567.

From Honolulu, Hawaii. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock and sent through Dr. H. L. Lyon, department of botany and forestry, Hawaiian Sugar-Planters' Association. Received February 19, 1920.

"All of the seeds, except those of No. 963, were collected on Mount Gedeh, Java, in July and August, 1919." (Lyon.)

49527. *AMOMUM COCCINEUM* (Blume) Benth. and Hook. Zinziberacæ.  
 (*Elettaria cocctnea* Blume.)

(No. 929.) A perennial herb, native to the more humid portions of Java, with narrowly acuminate leaves and oblong dense spikes of flowers. (Adapted from Blume, *Enumeratio Plantarum Javae*, p. 53.)

49528. *ARECA* sp. Phœnicacæ. Palm.

(No. 933.) A palm characterized by its lofty trunk, pinnate leaves, whose stalks are rolled up into cylinders at the bases, and drupelike fruits with fibrous rinds. (Adapted from Lindley, *Treasury of Botany*, vol. 1, p. 88.)

49529. *CALOPHYLLUM HASSKARLII* Teijsm. and Binn. Clusiacæ.

(No. 795.) A tree up to 20 meters in height, found throughout the East Indies, but rare in Java. In southern Preanger, Java, the wood is renowned as building material. (Adapted from Heyne, *Nuttige Planten van Nederlandschindïë*, vol. 3, p. 267.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 11021.

49530. *CYTOSTACHYS LAKKA* Beccari. Phœnicacæ. Palm.

(No. 693.) A stately and elegant palm, native to the East Indies, with a slender spineless stem crowned by a cluster of boldly arched leaves 3 to 4 feet in length. The fruits are elongate egg-shaped and about half an inch long. (Adapted from Beccari, *Annales du Jardin Botanique de Buitenzorg*, vol. 2, p. 141, and Bailey, *Standard Cyclopedia of Horticulture*, vol. 2, p. 947.)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 46865.

49531. *DIANELLA ENSIFOLIA* (L.) Red. Liliacæ.

(No. 800.) A very attractive member of the lily family from tropical Asia, with long grasslike leaves, lax panicles of blue or white flowers, and globose blue fruits which remain on the plant for some time after maturing. (Adapted from Curtis's *Botanical Magazine*, pl. 1404.)

49532. *DRYMOPHLOEUS PROPINQUUS* Beccari. Phœnicacæ.

(No. 752.) A rather small palm, native to New Guinea, with a stem up to 2½ meters in height and 2 centimeters thick. The leaves, about a meter and a half long, are irregularly pinnate with pinnæ about 30 centimeters in length. (Adapted from Beccari, *Malesia*, vol. 1, p. 43.)

49533. *FICUS ALBA* Reinw. Moracæ.

(No. 960.) A shrub or small tree from the Malay Archipelago at altitudes under 4,000 feet. Its variously shaped leaves are 5 to 8 inches long, with whitish lower surfaces, and the axillary fruits are about half an inch in diameter. (Adapted from Hooker, *Flora of British India*, vol. 5, p. 530.)