

48225 to 48228.

From Honolulu, Hawaii. Collected by Mr. J. F. Rock, of the College of Hawaii. Received October 15, 1919.

48225. *FICUS* sp. Moraceæ.

Fig.

“(No. 626.) A small undershrub, collected in Hongkong, July, 1919; grows in shade to a height of 4 to 5 feet.” (Rock.)

48226. *HEMIGRAPHIS* sp. Acanthaceæ.

“(No. 634.) A semierect acanthaceous creeper, with large blue trumpet-shaped flowers. Native to Siam. Collected in July, 1919.” (Rock.)

48227 and 48228. *HYDNOCARPUS ANTHELMINTHICA* Pierre. Flacourtiaceæ.

A tree reaching a height of about 50 feet, with reddish yellow, heavy, close-grained wood. (Adapted from *De Lancssan, Les Plantes Utiles des Colonies Françaises, p. 303.*)

48227. “(No. 630.) Collected in Bangkok, Siam, August, 1919. Much used in China as a treatment for leprosy.” (Rock.)

48228. “(No. 631.) Collected in Bangkok, Siam, July, 1919. The seeds of this tree are much used in China as a treatment for leprosy.” (Rock.)

48229. BAMBOS TULDA Roxb. Poaceæ.

Bamboo.

From Allahabad, India. Presented by Mr. P. H. Edwards, The Jamna School. Received October 22, 1919.

“Katanga bamboo.” (Edwards.)

The common Bengal bamboo which is arborescent and has dark-green stems and pale soft leaves, pubescent beneath. The young shoots are pickled when only about 2 feet high; the split culms are used for mats, baskets, and window shades; the wood is strong and is largely used for roofing and scaffolding. This bamboo is the variety used for making fishing rods. (Adapted from *Watt, Dictionary of the Economic Products of India, vol. 1, p. 393.*)

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 44240.

48230 to 48261.

From Victoria Falls, Rhodesia. Presented by Mr. J. Burt Davy. Received October 15, 1919. Quoted notes by Mr. Davy, except as otherwise noted.

48230. *ACACIA REHMANNIANA* Schinz. Mimosaceæ.

“(No. 95.) From granitic soils, Fort Rickson, Matabeleland.”

48231. *ALBIZZIA* sp. Mimosaceæ.

“(No. 84.) A small tree growing in granitic soil at Matoppo Hills, Matabeleland.”

48232. *ALBIZZIA* sp. Mimosaceæ.

“(No. 96.) Found growing in basaltic formation at Victoria Falls.”

48233. *AMERIMNON* sp. Fabaceæ.

(*Dalbergia* sp.)

“(No. 97.) From basaltic formation at Victoria Falls.”

48234. *BAIKIAEA PLUMJUGA* Harms. Cæsalpiniaceæ. **Rhodesian teak.**

“(No. 80.) Native names, *i-gusi, makoosi*. The wood is much valued for construction, sleepers, etc.; it is said to be very hard to work.”

A tree, 49 to 66 feet in height, native to central Africa, with pubescent branches and shining glabrous compound leaves, pubescent beneath. **The**