

37223. DENDROCALAMUS STRICTUS (Roxb.) Nees. Bamboo.

From Lansdowne, India. Collected by Mr. R. S. Woglum, Bureau of Entomology, while on his trip to India in 1911.

"A very useful and strong bamboo of India, formerly used universally for spear shafts. The plant flowers frequently and does not die down after flowering, as is the case with so many bamboos. The culms are said sometimes to reach a height of 100 feet. (*Woglum.*)

37224 and 37225.

From Algiers, Algeria. Presented by Dr. L. Trabut, director, Service Botanique. Received February 20, 1914.

37224. CORDIA OBLIQUA Willd.

"A beautiful tree, very vigorous with us, introduced as seed from Cochin China." (*Trabut.*)

Distribution.—Western India, extending from the Punjab region southward to Ceylon.

A small, twisted, boraginaceous tree, up to 20 feet in height, with alternate, ovate leaves, smooth above, hairy on the veins below; and lateral or terminal cincinnal inflorescences of small white flowers. From Java and Sumatra. (Adapted from *Koorders and Valeton, Mededeelingen uit 's Lands Plantentuin, vol. 42, p. 67, 1900.*)

37225. JUGLANS REGIA L.**Walnut.**

"The nut has been cultivated in the mountains by the natives from the most ancient times; they propagate them by sowing seed, and they have thus obtained some very fine varieties, which are fixed." (*Trabut.*)

37226. COLOCASIA ANTIQUORUM Schott. Taro.

From Mr. H. B. Shaw, who obtained them as a sample from a shipment from Beirut, Syria, imported by M. J. Corbett & Co., brokers, of New York. Corms received February 1, 1914.

"A variety of taro apparently identical with the Egyptian taro. The quality is inferior." (*R. A. Young.*)

37227. COIX LACRYMA-JOBI L. Job's-tears.

From Pamplemousses, Mauritius. Presented by the overseer, Royal Botanic Garden. Received February 26, 1914.

37228 to 37325. SOJA MAX (L.) Piper. Soy bean.
(*Glycine hispida* Maxim.)

From Seoul, Chosen (Korea). Presented by Mr. George H. Scidmore, American consul general. Received February 17, 1914.

"I submit the following information, which has been obtained, for the most part, from the Director of the Department of Agriculture, Commerce, and Industry, of the General Government of Chosen. The same officer has very kindly supplied samples of 98 varieties of soy beans.

"The usual period during which the seed is sown extends from the middle of May to about July 10. In case the sowing is postponed till the latter part of that period the fields from which wheat has already been harvested are used. The soil is first prepared by plowing and is then shaped into small hemispherical hillocks about 4 feet in diameter. The seed is planted in drill holes on the