

33800 to 33911—Continued.**33882.** (Undetermined.)“(No. 862.) ‘*Romecillo.*’ ‘*Romerillo.*’ From Chiloe.”**33883.** *TRICONDYLUS FERRUGINEUS* (Cav.) Salisb.(*Lomatia ferruginea* R. Brown.)“(No. 1296.) ‘*Huinque.*’ Has few leaves, but these are large and elegant. Bears large bunches of yellow flowers. The plant needs moisture. A decoction made from it is used for Lepidias.”*Distribution.*—A shrub found on inundated flats along the coast of Chile.**33884.** *MADIA SATIVA* Molina.**Madia.**“(No. 1005.) ‘*Melosa.*’”“An annual. Seeds oily, edible. The ancient Chileans, according to Molina, derived oil from the seeds, probably very much like that from the seeds of *Helianthus.*” (*W. E. Safford.*)**33885.** *MAYTENUS BOARIA* Molina.“(No. 1010.) ‘*Maiten.*’ From the River Itata.” See S. P. I. Nos. 3394 and 26322 for description.**33886.** (Undetermined.)“(No. 885.) ‘*Yerba negra.*’ ‘*Dichillo.*’ From the interior of the province of Valdivia. A bush with yellow flowers like chrysanthemums.**33887.** *MYRCEUGENIA FERNANDEZIANA* (Hook. and Arn.) Johow.(*Myrtus fernandeziana* Hook. and Arn.)“(No. 837.) ‘*Luma.*’ Wood is extra hard, elastic, and everlasting.”**33888 to 33896.** *MYRTUS* spp.

“Different varieties; you will find plants showing some distinct and separate characteristic in almost each separate locality of the Cordilleras.”

33888. “(No. 1036.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From Antuco Volcano. A special class growing 15 feet high and bearing enormous quantities of fruit.”**33889.** “(No. 1037.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From near Antuco.”**33890.** “(No. 1039.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From near Antuco Volcano. A large, fine-flavored variety.”**33891.** “(No. 1040.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From near Antuco.”**33892.** “(No. 1041.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From near Antuco.”**33893.** “(No. 1038.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From the Itata River. A small treelet with an abundance of extra-large fruit, fine flavored. This is a distinct plant and the only one of its kind seen.”**33894.** “(No. 1168.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From the province of Valparaiso. Fine flavored, large fruit.”**33895.** “(No. 1170.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From Llanquihue. Has no fruit. Seeds like *Myrtus temu.*”**33896.** “(No. 1042.) ‘*Arrayan.*’ From central Chile.”**33897.** *MYRTUS MELI* Philippi.

“(No. 1169.) This has all the merits of No. 837 (S. P. I. No. 33887), but grows larger, up to 18 or 20 meters high. It commands double the price of other timbers for industrial purposes. I do not know whether or not the fruit is edible. The plant is uncommon.”

Distribution.—A tree found in the dense woods in the province of Valdivia in southern Chile.