

33236 to 33238.

From Buitenzorg, Java. Presented by The Director, Department of Agriculture.
Received March 23, 1912.

Seeds of the following:

33236. CORCULUM LEPTOPUS (Hook. and Arn.) Stuntz.

Seed of this polygonaceous climber were received under the name *Antigonon leptopus* Hook. and Arn. This generic name, used but not technically published in 1837 by Endlicher (*Genera Plantarum*, p. 310), is antedated by Antigonon, published in 1827 by Velloso (*Flora Fluminensis*, p. 186, vol. 4, pl. 145). As no other name has been suggested for the genus, *Corculum*, the diminutive of the Latin "cor" (heart), is used in reference to the diminutive heart-shaped rose-colored flowers.

Variety *alba*. See No. 19619 for description.

33237. CITRUS DECUMANA (L.) Murray. Pomelo.

"*Djeroek pandan.*"

33238. DRACONTOMELON DAO (Blanco) Merrill and Rolfe. Dao.

See No. 32336 for previous introduction.

33239. BRASSICA PEKINENSIS (Lour.) Skeels. Pai tsai cabbage.

From Nanking, China. Presented by Mr. Joseph Bailio, University of Nanking.
Received March 20, 1912.

Shantung.

33241 to 33248. SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM L. Sugar cane.

From Alighur, United Provinces, India. Presented by Dr. Parr, Agricultural College. Received March 23, 1912.

Cuttings of the following:

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| 33241. <i>Saretha.</i> | 33245. <i>Kinar.</i> |
| 33242. <i>Khera.</i> | 33246. <i>Chiu.</i> |
| 33243. <i>Merthi.</i> | 33247. <i>Mungo.</i> |
| 33244. <i>Dhaur.</i> | 33248. <i>Sonabeli.</i> |

33249. PHRAGMITES KARKA (Retz.) Trin.

From Japan. Purchased from the Yokohama Nursery Co., Yokohama. Received March 26, 1912.

Udono-yoshi. "A perennial grass growing in marshy places. Its roots creep under the ground and shoot up stalks to a height of about 6 feet, bearing panicles at the tops. The stalks resemble small bamboos, being slender, light, and lustrous, and they are used to make blinds. The thickness of the stalk depends on the fertility of the ground. Those growing by seacoasts are slender, flexible, and strong. This grass is planted in watersides to protect mud from being washed away by waves. Its young sprouts are edible. Those produced in Udono—village of Province Setsu—are called *Udono-yoshi*, and are very famous for their large and long stalks. They are used to make *Shichiriki*, a musical instrument." (*Useful Plants of Japan, Agricultural Society of Japan, 1895, pp. 222-223.*)

See No. 21957 for previous introduction.

33250 to 33255. ARALIA CORDATA Thunb. Udo.

From Japan. Presented by Prof. Y. Kozai, Director, Imperial Agricultural Experiment Station, Nishigahara, Tokyo. Received March 26, 1912.