

**29999. BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA CORALLINA Hort. Barberry.**

From Ussy, France. Purchased from Pierre Sebire. Received March 6, 1911.  
See No. 25574 for previous introduction.

**30001 to 30004. CITRUS DECUMANA (L.) Murr. Pomelo.**

From Bangkok, Siam. Presented by Mr. G. Cornell Tarler, American consul general. Received March 7, 1911.

Cuttings of the following; quoted notes by Mr. Tarler:

**30001.** "Fruit is white in color and sweet in taste."

**30002.** "Fruit is white and a little sour."

**30003.** "Fruit is white and sweet."

**30004.** "Fruit is red (like our blood orange) and sweet."

"There are three kinds of seedless pomelos in Siam, all presenting the same outward appearance but differing in flavor and inside appearance. Two of the varieties have a sweet taste, one having a white meat and the other red; the third variety has a white meat, but a slightly sour taste. All varieties are more or less round in shape (bell-shaped), having diameters of 4 to 6 inches. The white pomelo is more prolific than the red.

"The trees grow 10 to 15 feet high and begin bearing fruit at the age of four years; they continue bearing for more than a quarter of a century. One tree ordinarily produces about a hundred pomelos a year.

"During the dry season the pomelos yield no seed, but during the rainy season they sometimes contain many seeds.

"Another thing of importance to be remembered in connection with pomelo culture is the fact that the trees like salt water. In case the orchards are not flooded with sea water, it is customary to apply about 2 pounds of salt to each tree." (*Tarler.*)

**30005 to 30007.**

From Mount Coffee, Liberia. Presented by Mr. Henry O. Stewart, through Mr. G. N. Collins, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received March 7, 1911.

Seeds of the following; quoted notes by Mr. Stewart:

**30005.** (Undetermined.)

"Gallah name *Zoe*. A large tree growing to a height of 40 feet. Deer eat the seed, and when it is roasted people also eat it."

**30006.** (Undetermined.)

"Gallah name *Dea*. This tree is used in the making of canoes and planks. The seed is used as food by the people; it is very hard and has to be cooked all day until it begins to break into pieces; then it is taken off and put into plenty of cold water; it is then ready to eat."

**30007.** (Undetermined.)

"Gallah name *Kory*. This tree is large, growing to a height of 49 feet. It is very hard, but is never used for anything, because it does not grow straight. The seed is good to eat and is also used for making oil."

**30009. MEDICAGO FALCATA L. Siberian alfalfa.**

From Quetta, British India. Purchased through Mr. F. Booth Tucker, Salvation Army, Simla, India. Received March 7, 1911.

**30010 and 30011. ASPARAGUS spp. Asparagus.**

From Naples, Italy. Purchased from Dammann & Co. Received March 6, 1911.

Seeds of the following:

**30010.** ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS Baker.

Variety *superbus*.