

128924 to 128984—Continued

128926. *ANEMONE VITIFOLIA* DC. Ranunculaceae.

Grapeleaf anemone.

A stout bushy perennial, 1 to 3 feet high, with large deeply divided leaves 3 to 6 inches across and beautiful white flowers 1 inch or more across in open corymbs. Native to the Himalayas at altitudes of 5,000 to 10,000 feet.

For previous introduction see 114714.

128927. *ARGYREIA WALLICHII* Choisy. Convolvulaceae.

A large woody climber with leathery ovate-cordate leaves 6 to 14 inches long and many white rose-tinged flowers about 1½ inches long, in dense heads up to 3 inches in diameter. Native to northern India.

128928. *ARISAEMA GRIFFITHII* Schott. Araceae.

A tuberous herb native to the temperate Himalayas in India from 7,000 to 12,000 feet altitude. The 2 leaves are divided into 3 rhombic-orbicular crenate lobes 6 to 10 inches long with faint yellow margins. The tube of the spathe, 2 to 3 inches long, is purple ribbed with white, and the incurved limb, 5 to 8 inches broad, is divided into 2 dull-purple lobes reticulated green and having purple tails 3 inches long. The stout spadix has a tortuous linear purple tail 1 to 3 feet long.

For previous introduction see 102753.

128929. *ARISAEMA TORTUOSUM* (Wall.) Schott. Araceae.

A tuberous herb native to the subtropical and temperate Himalayas up to 8,000 feet altitude. The 2 or 3 leaves, on petioles 1 to 3 feet long, have 5 to 20 linear to ovate tailed leaflets 12 to 18 inches long. The flower stalk, 2 to 4 feet high, bears a pale-green or purple spathe 4 to 6 inches long with an incurved boat-shaped limb, and the spadix, which resembles a rat tail, is first erect, then recurved, and again erect.

For previous introduction see 102754.

128930. *ASTER TRICEPHALUS* Clarke. Asteraceae.

A small vigorous subtropical herbaceous perennial with obovate-spatulate radical leaves and 1 to 3 reddish flower heads about 1 inch in diameter. Native to the Sikkim Himalayas at altitudes of 10,000 to 14,000 feet.

For previous introduction see 122067.

128931. *BEGONIA MEGAPTERA* A. DC. Begoniaceae.

A begonia with a thick woody rootstock, erect stems up to 18 inches high, and cordate-ovate, undulate leaves 4 to 6 inches long. The large pink flowers are on elongated peduncles, often 8 inches in length, in the upper axils. Native to the Sikkim Himalayas at 2,000 to 8,000 feet altitude.

128932. *BEGONIA SIKKIMENSIS* A. DC. Begoniaceae.

An erect-stemmed begonia up to 18 inches high, with round-lobed leaves 4 to 6 inches in diameter and medium-sized bright-red flowers. Native to the Sikkim Himalayas between 3,000 and 7,000 feet altitude.

128933. *BETULA UTILIS* D. Don. Betulaceae.

Birch.

A tree 40 to 60 feet high, with a red-brown trunk and branches and bark which peels off in papery flakes. It is native to subtropical regions of the Himalayas. The oval coarsely-toothed, sharp-pointed leaves, 3 inches long, are dark green above and paler beneath. In winter, the orange-chocolate color of the twigs is very striking.

For previous introduction see 99654.

128934. *BUPLEURUM CANDOLLI* Wall. Apiaceae.

A perennial herb 1 to 3 feet high, native to the Himalayas up to 12,000 feet altitude. The linear to ovate leaves, 2 to 5 inches long, are entire, and the small yellow flowers are borne in compound umbels.

For previous introduction see 99722.