

126475. ATRIPLEX SEMIBACCATA R. Br.

A vigorous, rapid-growing, much-branched Australian perennial which forms a dense mat over the ground to a depth of 1 to 2 feet. The leaves are small, about 1 inch long, and coarsely toothed along the margins. The plant has been known to flourish on the poorest soil. It has great frost resistance, palatability, heavy yield, sand-binding qualities, and the habit of spreading freely.

For previous introduction see 90724.

126476. ATRIPLEX SPONGIOSA F. Muell.

A low-growing plant less than a foot high, with numerous ascending stems, more or less white mealy throughout. The rather thick, orbicular leaves are less than an inch long. Native to Australia.

For previous introduction see 106698.

126477. STERCULIA DIVERSIFOLIA Don. Sterculiaceae. Black kurrajong.

A tall evergreen tree with shining green leaves 2 to 3 inches long, entire or 3- to 5-lobed on the same tree. The bell-shaped flowers, greenish red and white or yellowish white, are in axillary panicles. The nearly ovoid follicles, up to 3 inches long, contain about 20 seeds which, when ground, make an excellent substitute for coffee. Cattle and sheep are fond of the leaves and branches and have existed during long dry periods on scarcely anything else. It is native to Australia.

For previous introduction see 90726.

126478. CHLORIS VENTRICOSA R. Br. Poaceae. Grass.

Fall Star grass. An erect grass, 2 to 3 feet high, native to Queensland and New South Wales.

For previous introduction see 41760.

126479. CYTISUS PROLIFERUS L. f. Fabaceae. Tagasaste.

A stout leguminous shrub up to 12 feet high, of rather lax habit, with long slender branches and green trifoliolate leaves with silky pubescent lower surface. The white flowers are in axillary clusters. It is native to the Canary Islands, where it is considered an excellent drought-resistant forage plant.

For previous introduction see 104077.

126480. DANTHONIA SEMIANNULARIS (Labill.) R. Br. Poaceae. Wallaby grass.

White Top. A perennial, fine-leaved, tussocky grass, 1 to 2 feet high, which provides feed for the greater part of the year. It is said to be a good winter grass, will stand a great amount of grazing, and its palatability both for cattle and sheep is well known.

For previous introduction see 102385.

126481. GEIJERA PARVIFLOEA Lindl. Rutaceae.

Wilga. A tall evergreen shrub or small tree, native to the interior of New South Wales, where it reaches a height of about 30 feet. It has slender pendulous branches, narrow leaves 3 to 6 inches long, and, when well developed, a highly ornamental appearance with something of the aspect of a weeping willow. It has remarkable drought-enduring qualities, and the leaves are often fed to sheep.

For previous introduction see 113766.

126482-126486. MEDICAGO spp. Fabaceae. Medick.

126482. MEDICAGO ARBOREA L. Tree alfalfa.

For previous introduction see 90010.

126483. MEDICAGO HISPIDA DENTICULATA (illd.) Urban. Bur-clover.

126484. MEDICAGO ORBICULARIS (L.) All.

For previous introduction see 119493.