

## 21237 to 21241—Continued.

21237. *RUBUS ROSAEFOLIUS*.

“(No. 2, June 15, 1907.) An erect-growing bramble, 2 to 6 feet high, leaves pinnate. Stems square, green, reddish at base. Flowers white, 1 to 1½ inches across, borne singly and laterally. Fruits of good size, globular, red, easily separated from receptacle; flavor pleasantly sweet. Common between 1,500 feet and 3,500 feet in open, sunny thickets and grassy areas. Probably hardy in the vicinity of Washington. Possibly useful to hybridists. Its large, white flowers are very ornamental.” (*Wilson*.)

21238. *RUBUS PLAYFAIRII*.

“(No. 4, June 15, 1907.) A rambling bramble with long scandent branches. Leaves pedately 3 to 5 foliate, dun-colored below. Flowers insignificant, borne in long panicles at ends of shoots. Fruits small, very dark red, edible but of no particular merit. Abundant between 100 feet and 2,500 feet in thickets. Probably hardy around Washington. Possibly useful to hybridists on account of its free-fruited proclivities. In foliage and habit ornamental.” (*Wilson*.)

21239. *RUBUS CORCHORIFOLIUS*.

“(No. 15, June 15, 1907.) An erect-growing bramble. Stems arching, leaves on one-year-old shoots trifid, on two-year-old shoots simple, elliptic. Flowers white, insignificant, solitary, and lateral. Fruits raspberry-red, somewhat pointed, of good size, sweet, vinous, and of excellent flavor, easily articulating, but adhering to receptacle. Common 100 feet to 5,000 feet in open thickets and more especially abandoned cultivated areas. One of the finest of the Chinese Rubi from the point of view of its fruit. Hardy from New York south and possibly farther north. A fruit with possibilities in the hands of hybridists. Its disadvantage is that the receptacle, though small, firmly adheres to the fruit.” (*Wilson*.)

21240. *RUBUS CORCHORIFOLIUS*.

“(No. 15a, June 15, 1907.) This is in all probability the same as No. 15 (S. P. I. No. 21239), but the fruits were all purchased in a mountain village, altitude 3,000 feet.” (*Wilson*.)

21241. *ARUNDINARIA WILSONI* (?)

Bamboo.

“(No. 30, June 19, 1907.) An erect-growing bamboo, forming impassable thickets on sparsely tree clad mountains between 500 feet and 8,500 feet. Culms thin, dull green, 2 feet to 10 feet high. Leaves 5 to 8 inches long, one-half inch broad. Flowers in panicles. Only flowering culms die. Grain eaten locally by peasants when obtainable. The periods of flowering are erratic as far as I can find out. Hardy and ornamental. Culms useful for paper making.” (*Wilson*.)

21244. *MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA*.

Queensland nut.

From Burringbar, Tweed River, New South Wales, Australia. Presented by Mr. B. Harrison. Received July 13, 1907.

(See S. P. I. No. 18382 for description.)

21245. *NEPHELIUM GLABRUM*.

From Manila, P. I. Presented by Mr. Wm. S. Lyon, horticulturist, Bureau of Agriculture. Received July 19, 1907.

“One of the finest fruits in the Philippines.” (*Lyon*.)

21246. *BASSIA LATIFOLIA*.

Mahwah tree.

From Sibpur, Calcutta, India. Presented by Prof. A. T. Gage, superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden, through Mr. David Fairchild. Received July 31, 1907.

The Mahwah tree furnishes a hard and strong timber used for the wheels of carriages, etc. The flowers are sweet tasting and are eaten raw; the Beehls