

## 20001 to 20229—Continued.

- 20082. PRUNUS SP. Chokecherry.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 350a, Aug. 11, 1906.) A broad-leaved, bushy chokecherry growing in rocky places. May be of use as an ornamental shrub for parks; seems to be very hardy." (*Meyer.*)
- 20083. PRUNUS SP. Chokecherry.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 351a, Aug. 9, 1906.) A species of chokecherry with large leaves which are quite hirsute, especially underneath. Well adapted as an ornamental tall shrub for parks and gardens." (*Meyer.*)
- 20084. PRUNUS SP. Cherry.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 352a, Aug. 21, 1906.) A small wild cherry; fruits black and inedible. The shrub or small tree is quite handsome in appearance and can be used in gardens and parks. Only two or three trees seen during the whole trip through northern Korea and only two had a few seeds." (*Meyer.*)
- 20085. PRUNUS PUMILA. Sand cherry.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 353a, Aug. 20, 1906.) A large-fruited form; fruits very sour and inedible." (*Meyer.*)
- 20086. PRUNUS PUMILA. Sand cherry.**  
From Musan, northern Korea. "(No. 354a, Aug. 29, 1906.) A sand cherry with large fruits produced in great abundance; fruits not sour, though not of good quality. May be improved or used in parks, gardens, or rockeries; as a bush in full bearing is decidedly beautiful. Height of bushes, 2 to 3 feet." (*Meyer.*)
- 20087. PRUNUS PUMILA. Sand cherry.**  
From Shako-san, northern Korea. "(No. 355a, Aug. 1, 1906.) A sand cherry growing on the banks of the Yalu River. For description, see No. 354a (S. P. I. No. 20086)." (*Meyer.*)
- 20088. PRUNUS PUMILA. Sand cherry.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 356a, July 22, 1906.) A heavy-bearing, though very small-fruited, sand cherry; not edible. For description see No. 354a (S. P. I. No. 20086)." (*Meyer.*)
- 20089. PINUS KORAIENSIS. Pine.**  
From Ai-djou, northern Korea. "(No. 333a, July 14, 1906.) An edible pine nut obtained in Ai-djou; is produced by a tall, bluish pine which I afterwards saw in the forests near Pek-to-san. It is an excellent timber tree, growing to be 150 feet tall and making a straight, clean stem." (*Meyer.*)
- 20090. PINUS KORAIENSIS. Pine.**  
From Vladivostok, Siberia. "(No. 334a, Sept. 20, 1906.) Edible pine seeds bought at a Chinese fruit stand in Vladivostok. Probably the same as No. 333a (S. P. I. No. 20089)." (*Meyer.*)
- 20091. PINUS THUNBERGII. Japanese black pine.**  
From the mountains of northern Korea. "(No. 504a, Sept. 1, 1906.) A beautiful pine with light green foliage and making dense, round heads; also a good lumber tree. Grows in the driest of situations and on very poor soil; does not grow, though, at great altitudes, so will probably not bear any severe cold. Of use as an ornamental park tree." (*Meyer.*)
- 20092. ZIZYPHUS SATIVA. Jujube.**  
From Vladivostok, Siberia. "(No. 505a, Sept. 26, 1906.) A large-fruited 'date' obtained at Vladivostok, where the Chinese import them from Chefoo, China." (*Meyer.*)