

116635 to 116681—Continued.

round, one elongated. The quality is not so good, but they ripen when other melons are past.

116666. No. 767. 116667. No. 768.

116668. CUCURBITA PEPO L. Cucurbitaceae.
Pumpkin.

No. 754. *Chini Kaddu*. A small roundish summer squash somewhat scalloped but not flattened. A very good vegetable.

116669 to 116671. DAUCUS CAROTA L. Apiaceae.
Carrot.

116669. No. 749. *Pila gadjas*. Said to have a yellow root.

116670. No. 750. *Kala gadjas*. Said to have a dark-purple root.

116671. No. 755. *Safed gadjas*. Said to have a white root.

116672. DOLICHOS LABLAB L. Fabaceae.
Hyacinth-bean.

No. 738. From Amritsar, Punjab, April 27, 1936. Grown for the green pods.

116673. LAGENARIA LEUCANTHA (Duchesne) Rusby. Cucurbitaceae. Calabash gourd.

No. 741. *Ghujja*. Fruits 2½ inches long and about 5 inches through.

116674. MORUS ALBA L. Moraceae.
White mulberry.

No. 737. *Shahbut*. From Amritsar, Punjab, April 27, 1936. Fruit 1 inch long by three-eighths of an inch in diameter, white, more or less clouded with dull purple; quality fair.

For previous introduction see 104323.

116675 and 116676. PISUM SATIVUM L. Fabaceae.
Pea.

116675. No. 758. *Matar*. Said to be the local Amritsar sort.

116676. No. 759. *Simla Matar*. A form said to have originated in Simla or from the neighboring mountains.

116677 to 116680. SOLANUM MELONGENA L. Solanaceae.
Eggplant.

Nos. 780 to 783 are considered distinct forms.

116677. No. 780. Fruit round, black.

116678. No. 781. A dwarf plant with fruits 9 inches long.

116679. No. 782. Fruit purple black.

116680. No. 783. *Banarsi Sihal*. Said to be the well-known *Black Giant of Benares*.

116681. SPINACIA OLERACEA L. Chenopodiaceae.
Common spinach.

No. 751. *Palag*. Locally grown as a potherb.

116682 to 116695.

From Egypt. Seeds presented by Alfred Bircher. The Middle Egypt Botanic Station, El Saft. Received June 15, 1936.

Seeds grown in the higher parts of El Saft and the Protectorate of Kenya.

116682. ACACIA ABYSSINICA Hochst. Mimosaecae.

A tree, native to Ethiopia, with bipinnate leaves, spinescent stipules, and very small flowers in capitate clusters.

116682 to 116695—Continued.

116683. ACANTHUS EMINENS C. B. Clarke. Acanthaceae.

A shrub about 7 feet high, with large pinnatifid spinous leaves about 10 inches long and purple flowers 2 inches long in short spikes. Native to eastern tropical Africa.

116684. AMOMUM sp. Zinziberaceae.

A gingerlike herb.

116685. DOMBEYA BURGESSIAE Gerrard. Sterculiaceae.

A handsome low mound-shaped evergreen shrub with nearly white, bell-shaped flowers in graceful clusters. Native to southern Africa.

For previous introduction see 51248.

116686. HAGENIA ABYSSINICA (Bruce) J. F. Gmel. Rosaceae.

A small ornamental tree with large tufted, compound leaves and much-branched terminal panicles of small pinkish flowers. Native to Ethiopia.

116687. CRAIBIA ELLIOTI Dunn. Fabaceae.

A tropical evergreen shrub with three- to five-foliolate leaves about 5 inches long and terminal racemes of small flowers. Native to eastern tropical Africa.

116688. EKEBERGIA RUEPELLIANA (Fresen) A. Rich. Meliaceae.

A tree with leathery pinnate leaves a foot or more long and erect panicles of many small white flowers, followed by small inedible, globose berries. Native to tropical Africa.

116689. JUNIPERUS PROCERA Hochst. Pinaceae.
East African juniper.

A tall handsome tree with a maximum height of about 100 feet. It is native to the high mountains of eastern tropical Africa and is closely related to *Juniperus excelsa*.

For previous introduction see 62395.

116690. LEPTOSPERMUM CITRATUM (Bailey and White) Challinor, Cheel, and Penfold. Myrtaceae.

An evergreen shrub or small tree 4 to 20 feet high, with linear to obtuse leaves about 1½ inches long and solitary white flowers. Native to Queensland, Australia.

116691. MARKHAMIA HILDEBRANDTII (Baker) Sprague. Bignoniaceae.

A shrub or small tree with pinnate leaves 6 to 10 inches long and showy yellow flowers over an inch long, in terminal and axillary panicles. Native to eastern tropical Africa.

116692. CALODENDRUM CAPENSE Salberg. Rutaceae.

A large handsome tree with branches spreading in pairs or in threes. The ovate evergreen opposite leaves are 3 to 4 inches long. The white flowers, with linear-oblong reflexed petals 1 to 2 inches long, are in terminal panicles, and the shining blue seeds, the size of hazelnuts, are borne in thick hard capsules. It is native to southern Africa.

For previous introduction see 98228.

116693. POLYSCIAS KIKUYUENSIS Summerhayes. Araliaceae.

A tree up to about 50 feet high, with large pinnate leaves. The wood is soft and white. Native to Kenya, Africa.