

INVENTORY.

16797 to 16806.

From Budapest. Presented by Dr. A. de Degen, director of the Royal Hungarian Seed Control. Received December 15, 1905.

Seeds of native Hungarian grasses, as follows:

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| 16797. <i>BROMUS VERNALIS.</i> | 16802. <i>FESTUCA ELATIOR.</i> |
| 16798. <i>BROMUS PANNONICUS.</i> | 16803. <i>PIPTATHERUM VIRESCENS.</i> |
| 16799. <i>AVENA DECORA.</i> | 16804. <i>GLYCERIA NEMORALIS.</i> |
| 16800. <i>ALOPECURUS BRACHYSTACHYUS.</i> | 16805. <i>POA HYBRIDA.</i> |
| 16801. <i>FESTUCA CARPATHICA.</i> | 16806. <i>POA CHAIXII.</i> |

16807. *ORYZA SATIVA.*

Upland rice.

From Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa. Presented by Prof. J. Burt Davy, agrostologist and botanist of the Department of Agriculture. Received December 18, 1905.

"Seed grown in a subtropical valley near Sucre, Bolivia, at an altitude of about 10,000 feet. It is treated as a dry-land crop, like maize." (*Davy.*)

16808. *RUBUS* sp.

Red raspberry.

From Baguio, Benguet Province, P. I. Presented by Mr. W. S. Lyon, Bureau of Agriculture, Manila, P. I. Received December 11, 1905.

16809. *PANICUM MOLLE.*

Para grass.

From Georgetown, British Guiana. Presented by Mr. A. W. Bartlett, government botanist. Received December 19, 1905.

"A valuable grass for pasture and forage in the Tropics. This grass grows luxuriantly in damp meadows and is readily eaten by horses, cattle, and sheep." (*Bartlett.*)

16810. *XANTHOSOMA* sp.

Yautia.

From Ancon, Panama. Presented by Mr. George F. Halsey. Received December 19, 1906.

"Tubers of a plant locally called *Oto*, *Coco*, or *Comorata*. It is very hardy and grows best in a well loosened, moist soil, and the tubers can be cut into many sections and planted like potatoes." (*Halsey.*)

16811. *VICIA AMERICANA.*

American vetch.

From Fergus Falls, Minn. Presented by Mr. C. J. Wright. Received December 20, 1905.

This is a native vetch which grows wild in woods and copses in the northeastern United States. It is much relished by stock and might perhaps be cultivated to some extent with profit.