

105280 to 105304—Continued.

lower down, bear one to six flower clusters, and the linear hairy leaves are 3 to 6 inches long. Native to South Africa.

105301. MORAEA TORTA L. Bolus.

A rather stiffly upright plant with sky-blue flowers about 1 inch long in small cymes. The two spirally twisted leaves are about 15 inches long. Native to the Cape of Good Hope.

105302. MORAEA PAVONIA VILLOSA (Ker.) Baker.

An irislike plant with one long, narrow, linear leaf and fugitive flowers 1 inch long borne on a slender stem up to 2 feet high. The flowers have bright purple falls with a blue-black spot and hairy claw. Native to the Cape of Good Hope.

105303. NERINE FILIFOLIA Baker. Amaryllidaceae.

A nerine with 6 to 20 slender, subulate, grass-green leaves 6 to 8 inches long and a centripetal umbel of 8 to 10 bright-red flowers with a deeply cut perianth about 1 inch long. Native to the Kalahari region, South Africa.

105304. NERINE HUMILIS (Jacq.) Herb. Amaryllidaceae.

The six linear, bright-green channeled leaves of this nerine are about 1 foot long and are contemporary with the bright-pink flowers. These are in a centrifugal umbel of 10 to 20 flowers with slender pedicels. Native to South Africa.

105305. OLEA EUROPAEA L. Oleaceae.
Common olive.

From Syria. Cuttings presented by Selim Challah, Damascus, through H. S. Goold, American consul general, Beirut. Received April 27, 1934.

Yullutt or Yallut olive.

105308. LACTUCA SATIVA L. Cichoriaceae.
Garden lettuce.

From China. Seeds presented by Andrew Tse, Hong Kong. Received April 14, 1934. Introduced for Department specialists.

105307. SOLANUM TUBEROSUM L. Solanaceae.
Potato.

From Canada. Tubers presented by J. W. Scannell, Indian Head, Saskatchewan. Received April 27, 1934.

Snowflake.

105308. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L. Amygdalaceae.
Peach.

From Italy. Plants purchased from Fratelli Sgaravatti, Saonara, Padova. Received April 28, 1934.

Agostinella.

105309 and 105310.

From Cuba. Seeds and cuttings presented by Robert M. Grey, superintendent, Atkins Institution of the Arnold Arboretum, Soledad, Cienfuegos, through F. G. Walsingham. Received April 26, 1934.

105309 and 105310—Continued.

105309. MYRCIARIA CAULIFLORA (Mart.) Berg. Myrtaceae. Jaboticaba.

A Brazilian tree up to 35 feet high, with narrowly elliptic sharp-pointed leaves, short-petioled flowers produced directly from the bark of the trunk and branches, and purplish violet globose fruits half an inch to 1½ inches in diameter.

For previous introduction see 51830.

105310. TABEBUIA SERRATIFOLIA (Vahl.) Nicholson. Bignoniaceae.

Cuttings of an evergreen tree, native to the West Indies, with digitately compound leaves made up of four or five oblong-ovate leaflets 3 to 5 inches long and terminal panicles of yellow funneliform flowers.

For previous introduction see 98095.

105311 to 105331.

From China. Seeds presented by the director, Botanic Garden, the Sun Yat-Sen Tomb and Memorial Park Commission, Nanking. Received April 16, 1934.

105311. CARPINUS TURCSANINOVII OVALIFOLIA Winkler. Betulaceae.
Hornbeam.

A small graceful shrubby tree, 12 to 15 feet high, with ovate, serrate, dark-green leaves 1 to 2 inches long. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see 63346.

105312. CASTANOPSIS SCLEROPHYLLA (Lindl.) Schottky. Fagaceae.
Evergreen chinquapin.

A hardy evergreen tree, up to 65 feet high, with edible nuts having a flavor like that of the chinquapin. Native to south-central China.

For previous introduction see 71037.

105313 to 105315. CELTIS spp. Ulmaceae.

105313. CELTIS BIONDII Pampan.

A stout-branched hackberry from western China, with rather stiff, broadly ovate, long-acuminate leaves 2 to 3 inches long and small black fruits.

105314. CELTIS BUNGEANA Blume.
Hackberry.

A large tree up to 50 feet high, with light-gray bark, small deep-green leaves, and black fruits the size of small peas. Native to northeastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 104842.

105315. CELTIS sp.

105316. DAPHNIPHYLLUM MACROPODUM Miquel. Euphorbiaceae.

An evergreen shrub with elliptic-oblong, dark-green, leathery leaves 5 to 8 inches long, inconspicuous flowers, and small ellipsoidal fruits in axillary racemes 3 inches long. Native to eastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 99238.

105317. DIANTHUS BREVICALIS Fenzl. Pink.
Sileneaceae.

A low caespitose plant, with erect glaucous linear leaves and small red-purple flowers borne singly. Native to the Taurus Mountains of Asia Minor.

For previous introduction see 101924.