

**103786. COCCOLOBA LATIFOLIA** Lam.  
Polygonaceae.

From Paramaribo, Surinam. Seeds presented by the director of the Agricultural Experiment Station, through David Fairchild. Received October 3, 1933.

A tree with dark-green leaves from 1 to 2 feet in diameter, found on poor lands of the coastal plain in Surinam. While not a striking tree in some respects, the large size of the leaves makes it attractive for dooryard and park purposes.

For previous introduction see 99539.

**103787. PAPAVER SCHINZEANUM** Fedde.  
Papaveraceae.

From Scotland. Seeds presented by the Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh. Received February 8, 1933. Numbered in October 1933.

A perennial herb, about a foot high, more or less caespitose in habit and gray hairy throughout. The leaves are narrowly obovate or oblong lanceolate, irregularly pinnately lobed, and 4 to 6 inches long. The flowers, borne singly on erect scapes, vary from orange to apricot in color. This poppy was first discovered in the Botanical Garden, Zurich, Switzerland.

**103788 and 103789.**

From Cuba. Seeds presented through Robert M. Grey, superintendent, Atkins Institution of the Arnold Arboretum, Soladad, Cienfuegos, through F. G. Walsingham. Received October 9, 1933.

**103788. OPUNTIA ROBUSTA** Wendl.  
Cactaceae.

Presented by A. Bircher, Middle Egypt Botanic Station, El Saff, Egypt. A stout erect cactus, sometimes as much as 15 feet high, with many branches. The round or oblong joints, 8 to 10 inches long, are very thick and bluish green, with 8 to 12 stout brownish spines 1 or 2 inches long. The yellow flowers, 2 inches across, are succeeded by deep-red fruits about 3 inches long. Native to central Mexico.

**103789. ANGELONIA CUBENSIS** Robins.  
Scrophulariaceae.

A tropical perennial herb about a foot high, with erect simple stems and narrowly oblong leaves about 2 inches in length. The small purplish blue flowers three-fourths of an inch long are in simple racemes. Native to Cuba.

**103790 to 103793.**

From Argentina. Seeds presented by G. H. Childs, Hollywood, Calif., who collected them near Lago San Martin, Territory of Santa Cruz. Received October 6, 1933.

**103790 to 103792. BERBERIS** spp.  
Berberidaceae. **Barberry.**

*Calefate.*

**103790. BERBERIS** sp.

A large mountain variety with very seedy fruits.

**103791. BERBERIS** sp.

Collected in rather sandy soil near a lake.

**103792. BERBERIS** sp.

A large variety.

**103790 to 103793—Continued.**

**103793. EMBOTHERIUM COCCINEUM** Forst.

A handsome evergreen tree, with dark, glossy-green, somewhat leathery, ovate-lanceolate leaves 2 to 4 inches long and brilliant scarlet flowers about 1 inch long in dense axillary and terminal short racemes. It is native to Chile and becomes 40 feet high under favorable conditions.

**103794 to 103796. AVENA** spp. Poaceae.  
**Oats.**

From Australia. Seeds presented by the manager of the New England Experiment Farm, Glen Innes, New South Wales. Received October 12, 1933.

Introduced for the use of Department specialists.

**103794. AVENA BYZANTINA** Koch.

*Crema.*

**103795. AVENA** sp.

*Estramadura* Grey.

**103796. AVENA BYZANTINA** Koch.

*Vrome.*

**103797 to 103803.**

From India. Seeds presented by the agricultural officer, Northwest Frontier Province, Taru Jabba, Peshawar. Received October 18, 1933.

A collection of locally grown varieties introduced for the use of Department specialists.

**103797. AMYGDALUS PERSICA** L. **Amygdalaceae.** **Peach.**

A variety with white fruit.

**103798. AMYGDALUS PERSICA** L. **Amygdalaceae.** **Peach.**

A variety with yellow fruit.

**103799 to 103803. PRUNUS** spp. **Amygdalaceae.**

**103799 to 103801. PRUNUS ARMENIACA** L. **Apricot.**

**103799. Buvi.** **103801. Sufadda.**

**103800. Jab.**

**103802. PRUNUS CERASIFERA DIVARICATA** (Ledeb.) C. Schneid. **Cherry plum.**

*Dinga.*

**103803. PRUNUS CERASIFERA DIVARICATA** (Ledeb.) C. Schneid. **Cherry plum.**

*Dug.*

**103804. ACHRAS ZAPOTA** L. **Sapotaceae.** **Sapodilla.**

From the Philippine Islands. Scions presented by the Economic Garden, Bureau of Plant Industry, Los Banos, Laguna, through Manuel Rozas, director of plant industry, Manila. Received October 23, 1933.

*Ponderosa*, a variety characterized by being 4 or 5 times larger than the wild type, with a superior quality and flavor. Some fruits are said to weigh 12 ounces, while the native fruit weighs about 3 ounces. The flesh of this variety is vinous, very sweet, and very juicy.