

92023 and 92024. TRITICUM AESTIVUM
L. (*T. vulgare* Vill.). Poaceae.
Common wheat.

From Peru. Seeds presented by Alberto Martin Lynch, Sayapullo (Trujillo). Received March 12, 1931.

Wheat grown at an altitude of 10,000 feet from Huancajanga, district of Sayapullo, Province of Cajabamba, Department of Cajamarca, where the rainfall is heavy.

92023. No. 1. *Mocho* (without beards). Seed came originally from Australia.

92024. No. 2. *Candeal* (hard wheat). Seed originally brought by the Spaniards during the colonial epoch.

92025. MALUS sp. Malaceae. Apple.

From France. Plants presented by J. Dufrenoy, Station de Recherches Agronomiques de Clermont-Ferrand. Received March 12, 1931.

Nor de Monton. An apple which is propagated by layering and is highly valued as a stock in the Clermont-Ferrand region.

92026 to 92029.

From Nigeria, Africa. Seeds presented by Rev. C. J. Bender, Grand Soppo Post Buea, Cameroon Province. Received March 13, 1931.

92026 and 92027. FLACOURTIA JANGOMAS
(Lour.) Gmel. (*F. cataphracta* Roxb.).
Flacourtiaceae. Faniala.

A small spiny tropical tree of compact habit, native to India. It bears small purplish fruits which may be made into an excellent jelly.

For previous introduction see 81688.

92026. Fruits the size of a small plum.

92027. A sport of *Flacourtia cataphracta*. The fruits are the size of a small cherry, very sweet, and with few seeds.

92028. CITRUS sp. Rutaceae.

A cross between a wild African orange and Las Palmas. The fruits are very sweet and luscious.

92029. RUBUS sp. Rosaceae.

A wild blackberry, grown at about 3,000 feet altitude.

92030. LECYTHIS ZABUCAJO Aubl. Lecythidaceae. Sapucaya nut.

From Port of Spain, Trinidad, British West Indies. Seeds purchased from R. O. Williams, Superintendent and Assistant Botanist, Department of Agriculture. Received March 13, 1931.

The sapucaya nut is native to the Amazon Valley and adjacent regions, and many people consider it even better flavored than the Brazil nut. The somewhat triangular nuts are over 2 inches long and about 1 inch wide. They are borne in large woody urn-shaped capsules about 6 inches in diameter, with close-fitting lids at the top. It is a slow grower, and a long time is required for the trees to reach the bearing age. It seems unlikely that this tree will succeed in the United States, but it may do so in the Canal Zone, Puerto Rico, Hawaii, and elsewhere in the Tropics.

For previous introduction see 63427.

92031. COUEPIA GRANDIFLORA (Mart. and Zucc.) Benth. Rosaceae.

From Brazil. Seeds presented by E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, Del., through G. S. Jamieson, United States Department of Agriculture. Received March 18, 1931.

A small tree with stout branches, linear-oblong, coriaceous leaves 3 to 6 inches long, and small flowers in densely tomentose compound panicles 5 to 10 inches long. It is native to Brazil, and the seeds are said to produce a valuable oil.

92032. CITRULLUS VULGARIS Schrad. Cucurbitaceae. Watermelon.

From New South Wales, Australia. Seeds presented by John Douglas, Field Branch, Department of Agriculture, Sydney. Received March 13, 1931.

Angelo. A very prolific variety of exceptionally high quality under Australian conditions.

92033. RHODODENDRON PENTAPHYLLUM Maxim. (*Azalea quinquefolia rosea* Rehd.). Ericaceae. Fiveleaf azalea.

From Japan. Seeds purchased from T. Sakata & Co., Yokohama. Received March 13, 1931.

For previous introduction and description see 91247.

92034. EREMOCHLOA ZEYLANICA Hack. Poaceae. Grass.

From Ceylon. Seeds presented by the systematic botanist, Department of Agriculture, Peradeniya. Received March 13, 1931.

A perennial grass, native to Ceylon, 12 to 18 inches high, with narrow leaves and slender spikes. Of possible value for lawns and pastures.

For previous introduction see 78038.

92035 and 92036.

From Quetta, India. Plants purchased from the Quetta Fruit Agency. Received March 14, 1931.

92035. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Amygdalaceae. Apricot.

Nari Pas Ras.

92036. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L. (*Prunus persica* Stokes). Amygdalaceae. Peach.
Garma Sarda.

92037. GUILIELMA GASIPAES (H. B. K.) Bailey (*G. speciosa* Mart.). Phoenicaceae. Pupunha.

From Cali, Colombia. Seeds presented through C. B. Doyle, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received March 14, 1931.

A palm with clustered stems that attain a height of 40 feet. The fruit grows in large bunches and has a firm, thick, and mealy pericarp which when cooked has a flavor resembling that of a chestnut.

For previous introduction see 81587.

92038 to 92044. OCIMUM BASILICUM L. Menthaceae. Common basil.

From Paris, France. Seeds purchased from Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co. Received March 16, 1931.