

91486 to 91489.

From India. Seeds presented by the agricultural officer, Northwest Frontier Province, Peshwar. Received February 2, 1931.

91486. DIOSPYROS LOTUS L. Diospyraceae. **Dateplum.**

For previous introduction and description see 91323.

91487. OLEA FERRUGINEA Royle (*O. cuspidata* Wall.). Oleaceae. **Olive.**

A tree up to 30 feet high with coriaceous oblong leaves 2 to 3 inches long, short axillary panicles of small flowers, and small ellipsoid black fruits one-third of an inch long. It is native to India.

91488. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Amygdalaceae. **Apricot.**

A wild apricot.

91489. PYRUS PASHIA Buch-Ham. Malaceae. **Pashi pear.**

A small tree common in Burma and northern India in the Himalayas at altitudes of 3,000 to 8,000 feet. The barren branchlets usually end in a spine. The simple, ovate or ovate-lanceolate, long-pointed leaves, 2 to 4 inches long, are tomentose when young, ultimately glabrous. The white flowers, tinged with pink, 1 inch in diameter, are in simple corymbs of 10 or fewer. The yellowish-brown apple-shaped fruits, half an inch in diameter, are rough with small white spots.

For previous introduction see 52342.

91490. ACACIA sp. Mimosaceae.

From South Australia. Seeds presented by J. Howard Johnson, St. Peters. Received February 7, 1931.

*Dead finish.* Collected at Bon Bon, about 500 miles from Adelaide, South Australia. A low shrub, 10 to 12 feet high, with dull-green, needlelike foliage and yellow flowers. The trunk and branches are particularly crooked, so that the wood can only be used for veneers and in making small articles, such as souvenirs, pipes, etc., although the marking of the heavy dark-red wood is very beautiful. The native Australians use this wood to make their boomerangs. It grows here in a limestone soil with not much water.

91491. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L. (*Prunus persica* Stokes). Amygdalaceae. **Peach.**

From Algiers, Algeria. Seeds presented by Jacob Ben Lalou, through the American consul, Oscar S. Heiser. Received February 7, 1931.

91492 to 91515. DIOSPYROS spp. Diospyraceae.

From Okitsu, Japan. Scions collected by P. H. Dorsett and W. J. Morse, agricultural explorers, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 10, 1931.

Received through Dr. K. Nagai, Acting Director, Okitsu Imperial Experiment Station, Okitsu, Shizuoka Ken, December 20, 1930.

91492 to 91514. DIOSPYROS KAKI L. f. **Kaki persimmon.**

91492 to 91515—Continued.

91492. No. 7647. *Aosa*, nonastringent.

91493. No. 7659. *Atago*, astringent.

91494. No. 7650. *Banshi*, astringent.

91495. No. 7641. *Bentgaki*, astringent.

91496. No. 7655. *Eboshi*, astringent.

91497. No. 7652. *Fujiwara-gosho*, nonastringent.

91498. No. 7643. *Gijo-sha-kokushi*, astringent.

91499. No. 7646. *Heguro-gaki*, nonastringent.

91500. No. 7660. *Hgakushi*, astringent.

91501. No. 7645. *Ibogaki*, astringent.

91502. No. 7648. *Ichiryō*, astringent.

91503. No. 7649. *Inamochi*, astringent.

91504. No. 7654. *Izaemon*, astringent.

91505. No. 7639. *Kiyosu tanenashi*, astringent.

91506. No. 7657. *Kubo*, nonastringent.

91507. No. 7644. *Kunitomi*, astringent.

91508. No. 7653. *Kurogaki*, nonastringent.

91509. No. 7642. *Mikagemaru*, nonastringent.

91510. No. 7638. *Sahuahu-mishirazu*, astringent.

91511. No. 7658. *Sangokuichi*, astringent.

91512. No. 7651. *Shimpet*, astringent.

91513. No. 7656. *Wase-haha*, astringent.

91514. No. 7640. *Yukineri*, nonastringent.

91515. DIOSPYROS LOTUS L. **Dateplum.**  
No. 7661. *Naga-mamegaki*.

For previous introduction and description see 91323.

91516 and 91517.

From Seville, Spain. Seeds presented by José Gomez Cherro, through Frank L. Goll, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 11, 1931.

91516. ERYTHRINA sp. Fabaceae. **Coral tree.**

A handsome flowering shrub, apparently well adapted to severe dryness and warm temperature.

91517. RICINUS COMMUNIS L. Euphorbiaceae. **Common castor-bean.**

91518 and 91519.

From Japan. Seeds purchased from the Yokohama Nursery Co., Yokohama. Received February 11, 1931.

91518. ILEX LATIFOLIA Thunb. Aquifoliaceae. **Holly.**

A Japanese evergreen holly, one of the most attractive of the genus, which sometimes develops into a tree 60 feet tall. The glossy green leaves, 3 to 7 inches long, are oval or narrowly oblong, and the red berries, about one-third of an inch in diameter, are produced in dense clusters.

For previous introduction see 83975.