

91237 to 91239.

From Pretoria, Union of South Africa. Seeds presented by I. B. Pole Evans, Chief, Division of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture. Received January 20, 1931.

91237. *POLLICHA CAMPESTRIS* Ait. Silenaceae.

A diffusely branched, subshrubby plant 1 to 2 feet high, with linear-lanceolate leaves half an inch long and minute inconspicuous flowers. It is native to South Africa and is of value as a cover crop.

91238. *TETRAGONIA ARBUSCULA* Fenzl. Aizoaceae.

A much-branched, semishrubby perennial, with fleshy leaves less than an inch long, varying from linear to ovate-oblong. The small inconspicuous flowers are borne in leafy racemes and are followed by 3-winged to 4-winged nutlike fruits. It is native to South Africa.

91239. *SUTHERLANDIA FRUTESCENS* (L.) R. Br. Fabaceae.

A leguminous shrub about 3 feet in height, with finely pinnate leaves and showy scarlet flowers produced in short axillary racemes. Native to the Mediterranean countries.

For previous introduction see 59297.

91240 to 91259.

From Japan. Seeds purchased from the Chugai Shokubutsu Yen, Yamamoto, Kawabegun, near Kobe. Received January 20, 1931.

91240 to 91244. *ACER* spp. Aceraceae. Maple.91240. *ACER CISSIFOLIUM* (Sleb. and Zucc.) Koch.

A Japanese maple of compact, rounded habit becoming 30 feet or more high, with leaves composed of three leaflets up to 4 inches long. The minute flowers are produced in May with the leaves, and the keys, about 1 inch long, occur in long racemes. In autumn the foliage turns red and yellow.

For previous introduction see 85678.

91241. *ACER MANDSHURICUM* Maxim. Manchurian maple.

A hardy Manchurian maple which forms a shrub or small tree.

For previous introduction see 72401.

91242. *ACER NIKOENSE* (Miquel) Maxim.

A tree up to 50 feet high, native to Japan and central China, with attractive foliage which becomes brilliant red or purple in autumn.

For previous introduction see 77645.

91243. *ACER RUFINERVE* Sleb. and Zucc.

A tree up to 40 feet high, with striped bark, glaucous branchlets, 3-lobed, doubly serrate leaves 3 to 5 inches long, rusty tomentose on the veins beneath when young. The flowers are borne in upright, rusty pubescent racemes, and the wings of the fruits spread nearly at right angles. It is native to Japan.

91244 to 91259—Continued.

91244. *ACER CAUDATUM UKURUNDUENSE* (Trautv. and Meyer) Rehder.

A small Manchurian tree with coarsely toothed, 5-lobed or 7-lobed leaves.

For previous introduction see 71133.

91245 and 91246. *RHODODENDRON RETICULATUM* D. Don. Ericaceae. Azalea.

A much-branched deciduous Japanese shrub up to 25 feet high, belonging to the section *Schadorhodion*. The branchlets are yellow-brown, the reticulate broadly ovate leaves, 2 to 3 inches long, are in clusters of two to three, and the slightly 2-lipped rotate-campanulate flowers are rose-purple to magenta. There are two forms—the ordinary form with 10 stamens, often called *R. rhombicum*, and a form with 5 stamens, called *R. dilatatum*.

For previous introduction see 85690.

91245. Received as *Azalea dilatata*.

91246. Received as *Azalea rhombica*.

91247. *RHODODENDRON PENTAPHYLLUM* Maxim. (*Azalea quinquefolia rosea* Rehd.). Ericaceae. Fiveleaf azalea.

A deciduous shrub of the section *Rhodora*, up to 20 feet high, with usually five elliptic-lanceolate leaves at the ends of the branches. The rose-pink flowers, 1 to 2 inches across, are solitary or in twos, appearing before or with the leaves, which turn orange to crimson in the autumn. It is native to Japan.

For previous introduction see 85688.

91248 to 91250. *EURYA* spp. Theaceae.91248. *EURYA EMARGINATA* (Thunb.) Makino.

An evergreen shrub, native to Japan, with short-stemmed obovate emarginate leaves and axillary paired flowers, followed by black berries about an eighth of an inch in diameter.

91249. *EURYA JAPONICA* Thunb.

Variety *thunbergii*. Said to be a dwarf form with bright reddish-green leaves.

91250. *EURYA OCHNACEA* (DC.) Szysz.

A shrub or small tree with coriaceous oblanceolate to oblong leaves 3 to 5 inches long and usually solitary nodding white flowers 1 inch across, followed by berrylike black fruits a quarter of an inch in diameter. It is native to Japan.

91251. *HEMIPTELEA DAVIDII* (Hance) Planch. Ulmaceae. David zelkova.

A shrubby, spiny, elmlike tree, native to Chosen and northern China, which has merit as an ornamental tree because of its handsome dark-green foliage; the leaves are oval or oblong, deeply toothed, and about 2 inches long. Because of its spines, the tree may be useful for tall hedges.

For previous introduction see 67031.

91252 to 91255. *ILEX* spp. Aquifoliaceae. Holly.91252. *ILEX FUJISANENSIS* Hort.

A place of publication for this name has not been found, but a trade catalogue describes it as an evergreen tree