

## 90894 to 90942—Continued.

A low spineless palm, native to Mauritius, with rounded fan-shaped leaves, 3 to 5 feet long, and pear-shaped fruits over 2 inches long.

For previous introduction see 88119.

**90923. LICUALA SPINOSA** Thunb. **Phoenicaceae.**  
**Falm.**

A beautiful fan palm, native to the East Indies, with graceful stems 20 to 25 feet high, produced in groups.

For previous introduction see 88120.

**90924. LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE** Carr. **Oleaceae.**  
**Amur privet.**

A shrub up to 15 feet high, with upright branches, elliptic to oblong leaves 1 to 2 inches long, and panicles of small white flowers followed by globose-ovoid, slightly bloomy black fruits. Native to northern China.

**90925 to 90927. MALPIGHIA** spp. **Malpighiaceae.**

**90925. MALPIGHIA CUBENSIS** H. B. K.

A shrub with lanceolate, entire leaves having stinging hairs on the under side. The small, reddish flowers are in axillary corymbs and are followed by red fruits half an inch long.

**90926. MALPIGHIA SUBEROSA** Small.

A small tree with oblong-ovate, crenulate, coarsely reticulated leaves 3 to 5 inches long and cymes of small pink or white flowers, followed by ovoid, yellow-red fruits. It is native to Cuba.

**90927. MALPIGHIA** sp.

A small upright tree with bright red berries about the size of cherries.

**90928. MELIA AZEDARACH** L. **Meliaceae.**  
**Chinaberry.**

Variety *sempervirens*. A form with light-lilac, fragrant flowers which are produced continuously throughout the year.

**90929. OCOTEA CORIACEA** (Swartz) Britton (*Nectandra coriacea* Griseb.). **Lauraceae.**

An evergreen, West Indian tree 30 to 40 feet high, with oblong-lanceolate, coriaceous leaves 2 to 6 inches long and panicles of small whitish to dark-blue fruits nearly 1 inch long, with red or yellow persistent calyx bases.

**90930. BARYXYLUM BRASILIENSE** (L.) Pierre. **Caesalpiniaceae.**

A tree up to 80 feet high with bipinnate leaves of small leaflets and axillary or terminal racemes of small yellow flowers. The orange-colored wood is elastic, tough, and durable, and it takes a fine polish. The tree is native to Central America.

For previous introduction see 87499.

**90931. POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA** Lem. **Rubiaceae.**

A small tree with broadly cordate leaves and terminal cymes of large tubular white very fragrant flowers. It is native to Brazil.

For previous introduction see 88132.

**90932. RHIPSA LIS CASSUTHA** Gaertn. **Cactaceae.**  
**Mistletoe cactus.**

## 90894 to 90942—Continued.

An epiphytic cactus which hangs in large clusters up to 30 feet long, with weak round light-green stems less than a quarter of an inch in diameter. The small solitary creamy flowers are followed by white fruits about the size of mistletoe berries. It is native to Mexico and southern Brazil.

**90933. RHYTIDOPHYLLUM TOMENTOSUM** (L.) Mart. **Gesneriaceae.**

A small plant with oblong-lanceolate, serrate, woolly leaves and greenish-yellow tubular flowers in corymbs. It is native to Jamaica.

**90934. SOLANUM JAMAICENSE** Mill. **Solanaceae.**

A native Jamaican shrub 5 to 6 feet high with stout recurved thorns, oval, woolly, angular-sinuate leaves 6 inches long, and umbels of small yellow flowers followed by round saffron-colored fruits.

**90935. SOLANUM MAMMOSUM** L. **Solanaceae.**

An ornamental shrub 5 to 8 feet in height, native to tropical Asia, with thorny leaves and large yellow flowers. It bears a large round deep-yellow fruit about 3 inches in diameter, with five small fingerlike protuberances projecting from the side at the base. The fruit lasts for a long time, both on the plant and after being picked. The root and fruit are used medicinally. The tough pliant wood is much used in certain parts of India for making drums, and the young twigs yield a good fiber.

For previous introduction see 52385.

**90936. RUELLIA MACROPHYLLA** Vahl. (*Stemonacanthus macrophyllus* Nees). **Acanthaceae.**

An erect shrub with ovate-lanceolate leaves 3 to 5 inches long and axillary peduncles, each bearing a pair of tubular crimson flowers 1 to 2 inches long. It is native to the West Indies.

**90937. TRICHILIA HIRTA** L. (*T. spondioides* Jacq.). **Meliaceae.**

A shrub or tree up to 60 feet high, native to the West Indies and Mexico, with pinnately compound leaves of obliquely ovate glabrous leaflets and 11 to 21 panicles, 9 inches long, of greenish flowers.

For previous introduction see 88137.

**90938 and 90939. UVARIA RUFA** (Dunal) Blume. **Annonaceae.**

A much-branched shrub, native to Japan, with a stem 4 to 6 inches in diameter and alternate, elliptic-oblong, acute or obtuse leaves 2 to 5 inches long. The solitary flowers are purplish red and about 1 inch wide. The oblong kidney-shaped red fruits, about 2 inches long, are in bunches of 18 to 20, with scant white flesh which is juicy, aromatic, and subacid without a trace of sugar and contains many seeds.

For previous introduction see 81927.

**90940. VERNONIA FALLAX** Gleason. **Asteraceae.**

A sparingly branched, shrubby perennial 3 to 4 feet high with elliptical-oblong leaves 2 to 3 inches long, finely gray-tomentose beneath, and terminal recurved clusters of three to seven small heads of purplish flowers. It is native to Cuba.