

90649 to 90676—Continued.

90659. *CELTIS KORAIENSIS* Nakai. Ulmaceae. Hackberry.

No. 6519. A tree native to Chosen, up to 50 feet high, with orbicular to obovate, coarsely serrate leaves 3 to 5 inches long, and dull-orange, globose fruits a quarter of an inch in diameter.

For previous introduction see 50408.

90660. *EUONYMUS HAMILTONIANUS* Wall. Celastraceae.

No. 6494. A large Himalayan shrub which under favorable circumstances becomes a moderate-sized tree, 30 to 35 feet high, with short straight trunk 4 to 5 feet in circumference. The clusters of 15 to 30 greenish white flowers are followed by yellow capsules the seeds of which are entirely surrounded by a scarlet aril. The fruit begins to ripen in August and the leaves are brilliantly colored in autumn.

For previous introduction see 61981.

90661. *EUONYMUS MAACKII* Rupr.

No. 6498. A large shrub or small tree with narrowly oval leaves about 3 inches long and small clusters of pink 4-lobed fruits which have orange-red arils. Native to northeastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 77839.

90662. *F R A X I N U S M A N D S H U R I C A* Rupr. Oleaceae. Manchurian ash.

No. 6520. A handsome tree often 100 feet high, native to Japan and the adjacent parts of the Asiatic mainland. The leaves are up to 15 inches long, with dull-green bristly leaflets. The tree is said to be susceptible to late spring frosts.

For previous introduction see 82479.

90663. *L A R I X D A H U R I C A* Turcz. Pinaceae. Dahurian larch.

No. 6521. A tree which grows up to 100 feet in height, with long horizontal branches, reddish or yellowish branchlets, bright-green flattened leaves, and ovoid cones 1 inch long.

For previous introduction see 78403.

90664. *LESPEDEZA BICOLOR* Turcz. Fabaceae. Shrub bushclover.

No. 6490. A bushy herbaceous perennial, native to Japan, which bears a profusion of rosy-purple flowers during the early autumn, practically covering the drooping branches which sometimes become 6 feet in length.

For previous introduction see 82480.

90665. *M A A C K I A A M U R E N S I S* Rupr. Fabaceae. Amur maackia.

No. 6491. A small tree, native to eastern Asia, with orange-brown bark, dull-green compound leaves, and short erect clusters of small yellowish-white flowers.

For previous introduction see 77835.

90666. *P I C E A J E Z O E N S I S* (Sieb. and Zucc.) Carr. Pinaceae. Yeddo spruce.

No. 6504. A Japanese tree, up to 150 feet high, with dark-gray bark and slender horizontally spreading branches. The leaves are silvery white above and dark green beneath, and the staminate flowers are orange crimson.

For previous introduction see 75440.

90649 to 90676—Continued.

90667. *R O S A A C I C U L A R I S G M E L I N I* (Bunge) C. Schneid. Rosaceae. Rose.

No. 6496. A form native to northern Europe and Asia, differing from the type in having five to seven leaflets on the flowering branches, smooth but glandular-peduncles, and long pear-shaped shining fruits.

For previous introduction see 54168.

90668. *R O S A D A V U R I C A* Pall. Rosaceae. Dahurian rose.

No. 6497. A Manchurian shrub closely related to the cinnamon rose, with straight slender prickles, smaller double serrate leaflets, purple flowers, and ovate scarlet fruits.

For previous introduction see 65944.

90669. *S C H I Z A N D R A C H I N E N S I S* (Turcz.) Baill. Magnoliaceae.

No. 6492. A woody vine, native to northeastern China, with shining dark-green oval leaves and clusters of coral-colored berries.

For previous introduction see 81652.

90670 to 90673. *S Y R I N G A* spp. Oleaceae. Lilac.

90670. *S Y R I N G A A M U R E N S I S* Rupr. Manchurian lilac.

No. 6514. A hardy lilac, native to Manchuria, up to 12 feet high with yellowish-white flowers.

For previous introduction see 72420.

90671. *S Y R I N G A O B L A T A* Lindl. Broadleaf lilac.

No. 6513. A tree lilac, found in masses on rocky mountain slopes between 3,000 and 5,000 feet altitude. Of value as a stock for standard lilacs and for hybridization purposes.

For previous introduction see 38828.

90672. *S Y R I N G A O B L A T A D I L A T A T A* (Nakai) Rehder.

No. 6511. A loosely branched shrub, up to 12 feet high, with ovate, long-pointed leaves 6 inches long and loose clusters of pale purple-lilac flowers. Native to China.

For previous introduction see 85739.

90673. *S Y R I N G A P A L I B I N I A N A* Nakai.

No. 6512. A shrub native to Chosen, about 10 feet high, with slender upright branches, elliptic leaves 1 to 3 inches long, and loose panicles of pale-lilac or whitish flowers.

For previous introduction see 76600.

90674. *T I L I A A M U R E N S I S* Rupr. Tiliaceae. Linden.

No. 6522. A hardy Manchurian linden which has a habit similar to that of the small-leaved linden, *Tilia cordata*, with ovate papery long-pointed leaves which are dark green above and blue green below. It is distinguished from the small-leaved linden by its coarser indentations.

For previous introduction see 72422.