

8387 to 8409—Continued.

8396. *HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS* VAR. AIGAKU.
 8397. *HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS* VAR. AJISAI.
 8398. *HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS* VAR. BENJAKU.
 8399. *HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS*.
 8400. *MAGNOLIA PARVIFLORA* ERECTA.
 8401. *MAGNOLIA PARVIFLORA* PENDULA.
 8402. *MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA* EXONIENSIS.
 8403. *CORNUS* KUSA.
 8404. *CINNAMOMUM LOUREIRII*.
 8405. *RAPHIOLEPIS* JAPONICA.
 8406. *RHUS* SUCCEDANEA.
 8407. *RHUS* VERNICIFERA.
 8408. *ZELKOVA* ACUMINATA.
 8409. *STAUNTONIA* HEXAPHYLLA.

8410. CITRULLUS VULGARIS.**Watermelon.**

From Elgin, Utah. Received through Mr. John F. Brown, February 12, 1902.

Winter. A round, white melon, which will keep in perfect condition for several months after maturing. Flesh crimson, very sweet and tender. Seeds small and black. Rind quite tough when fully ripe. The average weight of these melons is about 20 pounds, although specimens weighing 40 pounds have been grown.

8411 to 8413. MANGIFERA INDICA.**Mango.**

From Colombo, Ceylon. Presented by Dr. C. Driberg, of the Agricultural School, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (Nos. 805 to 807), January 13, 1902. Received February 15, 1902.

Scions of three varieties of mangoes, as follows:

8411.

Jaffna. "A long-fruited, medium-sized green mango. The seed is fairly large; flesh golden yellow. It is edible even before fully ripe. A vigorous grower and good bearer. This is the best market mango in Ceylon, and is the one generally planted about the villages. The name would imply its origin in the northern province of Ceylon, but Doctor Willis, of Peradeniya Gardens, says the variety is scarcely known in that province." (*Fairchild.*) (No. 805.)

8412.

Rupee. "The largest fruited variety of mango grown in Ceylon. It is called the Rupee, or two-shilling mango, because of the price paid for a single fruit. Its origin is unknown. It is very large, sometimes 5 inches long, nearly globular, light green in color when ripe. A shy bearer. Skin tender and easily bruised, rendering it a poor shipper. Flesh a golden yellow. Seed small in proportion to the size of the fruit. A rare variety even in Ceylon. The fruits are considered a great delicacy and much sought after by those who know it. Flesh free from stringiness and flavor delicious, but only when properly and perfectly ripened. The tree is not very robust, and Doctor Driberg does not recommend the variety for general planting." (*Fairchild.*) (No. 806.)