

6507 to 6646—Continued.**6606. ABUTILON AVICENNAE.****Chinese hemp.**

From Hankow. (No. 107.) "Much used for the manufacture of rope and coarse bagging. The plant is cut, tied in small bundles, and packed in mud or water for about five days. The bark is then stripped off by hand and washed, and it is then ready for market." (*Brill.*)

6607. BRASSICA JUNCEA.**Chinese mustard.**

From Wuchang. (No. 108.) "This seed is planted in August or September. Young plants are then transplanted to rows about 1 to 3 feet apart. The best is grown about Wuchang. Flower stalks are cut all winter continuously. They are eaten much like asparagus. Color, purple, but said to change to green after a season or two if the seed is planted in any other place." (*Brill.*)

6608. HOVENIA DULCIS.**Raisin tree.**

From Hupeh Province. (No. 109.) "Large, handsome tree. The thickened, sweet seed stems are sold on the street, and the Chinese eat them after feasts of wine, saying they prevent the wine from making them drunk." (*Brill.*)

6609. PTEROCARYA STENOPTERA.**Wing nut.**

From Hankow. (No. 100a.) "Large, quick-growing, soft-wooded tree, growing along streams. Planted on the Hankow Bend." (*Brill.*)

6610. BRASSICA PE-TSAL.**Chinese cabbage.**

From Hsiang Yang. (No. 102a.) "Best cabbage of central China. Shipped down the river Han to Hankow in large quantities. Its successful growth appears limited to certain localities. Seeds sown late in April, then transplanted. A month before maturity a rice straw is often tied around the head to make it more compact." (*Brill.*)

6611. BRASSICA PE-TSAL.**Chinese cabbage.**

From Hsiang Yang. (No. 103a.) "Same as No. 6610, only a larger variety." (*Brill.*)

6612. RAPHANUS SATIVUS.**Radish.**

From Sui Chow. (No. 104a.) "Round, globe shaped, smooth, fine red color. Called a turnip by the Chinese and cooked in the same way." (*Brill.*)

6613. BRASSICA JUNCEA.**Chinese mustard.**

From Sui Chow. (No. 105a.) "Top and root are salted much the same as sauerkraut and sold in all large towns." (*Brill.*)

6614. BRASSICA JUNCEA.**Chinese mustard.**

(No. 106a.) "Produces very large leaves which are wilted in the sun and then pickled with salt. May be valuable as a food for sheep." (*Brill.*)

6615. DAUCUS CAROTA.**Carrot.**

(No. 107a.) "Medium long, yellow. Sown in autumn and generally dug all winter." (*Brill.*)

6616. SPINACIA OLERACEA.**Spinach.**

(No. 108a.) "Much used all winter." (*Brill.*)

6617. CHRYSANTHEMUM CORONARIUM.**Edible chrysanthemum.**

(No. 109a.) "A plant much used, cooked with other vegetables." (*Brill.*)

6618. LACTUCA SATIVA.**Lettuce.**

(No. 110.) "Stalk becomes much thickened and succulent, and is cooked as a vegetable. Leaves used only by very poor people. Foreign varieties are used around the ports." (*Brill.*)